The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY MARCH 19, 1908. NO 12.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS
AT THE
Farmers National Bank.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

To the Business Community

Our Aim is to make this in every respect the PEOPLES' BANK, where all may feel at home and be assured that by our CONSTANT CARE and CONSERVATIVE MANAGEMENT their interests will be well and SAFELY GUARDED.

WE EXTEND THE ACCOMMODATIONS OF A STRONG AND SUCCESSFUL BANK.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Accounts

The Bloomsburg National Bank

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President.

SPRING OPENING DISPLAY
of Correct Spring Clothes
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN!

COME
BE OUR GUEST
TOMORROW!

This Spring Opening is really a Clothes Show of great importance to every man and young man in town. Particularly since it is a veritable exposition in smart dress and the largest collection of

High Class CLOTHING

ever exhibited here.

Every new model for Spring is here.

STEP IN AND
Look Them Over

TOWNSEND'S CORNER.

MEETING OF DIRECTORS.

The twenty-sixth annual meeting of the Columbia County School Directors' Association in the Normal Auditorium last Saturday, was the largest gathering in its history. One hundred and thirty-four directors, fifty of whom were accompanied by their wives, and a number of teachers, made the total attendance about three hundred and fifty. Every district in the county was represented. Columbia county is one of the few counties of the state where such meetings are held.

With the exception of Nathan Beishline who was the treasurer, and whose term as director has expired, all the old officers were re-elected. E. R. Kester, of Hemlock township, was elected treasurer The other officers are: President, J. H. Eisenhauer; Vice Presidents, F. B. Hartman, and George B. Patterson; Secretary, W. E. Rinker, and County Superintendent, W. W. Evans.

A committee consisting of F. B. Hartman, Prof. L. P. Sterner and the County Superintendent was appointed to fix the time and place for the second annual picnic to be held next summer.

At the morning session, after devotional exercises conducted by Rev. J. W. Wehrle of Mifflinville, the minutes of last meeting were read by the secretary, W. E. Rinker. Dr. Waller spoke on "Some Legal Phases of the Director's Work." Addresses were also made by J. H. Eisenhauer, F. B. Hartman, J. C. Brown, Deputy State Superintendent R. M. McNeal, and Hon. Henry M. Houck, and Miss Letson sang a solo, and Miss Nola Pegg gave a recitation.

A banquet followed in the dining hall, with Prof. G. E. Wilbur as toastmaster.

The following were those who responded: Wm. E. Rinker, "Young America;" Miss Sara Steigerwalt, The Funny Side, representing the teachers; Miss Blanche Letson, vocal solo, "An Old Riddle;" James E. Smith, Our Pocket Books; Rev. E. B. Bailey, Our Parson Friends; Wm. P. Zehner, The Politician; Dr. I. L. Edwards, Our Critics; W. C. DeLong, A Double Decker; Prof. O. H, Yetter, vocal solo; Boyd Trescott, Peace and Harmony; F. B. Hartman, Our Better Halves; Hon. Henry Houck, Good Humor and Action—as the Spirit Moves.

At the afternoon session addresses were delivered by E. R. Kester, Nathan Beishline, Supt. McNeal, Vocal solos were rendered by Stewart Hartman, Rev. E. B. Bailey, and a recitation was given by Miss Mary Shambach.

All through it was a most delightful and helpful occasion and was thoroughly enjoyed.

THE CHORAL SOCIETY.

The Bloomsburg Choral Society has become a strong permanent organization under the leadership of Prof. Chas. O. Skeer. There are now about seventy-five members, and the attendance at the rehearsals shows an interest on the part of the members that is very commendable.

Rehearsals are now in grogress on Haydn's "Creation" and excellent work is being done. It will be ready for presentation some time in the spring.

There is still room for more members, and it is hoped that at least a hundred will be enrolled soon.

The recent spring-like weather has produced so much activity among the hens that fresh eggs are now selling for 20 cents a dozen.

ANOTHER BODY FOUND.

Remains of Charles Kreitzer Recovered at Rupert.

Floating face upwards, the body of a man, was discovered by Evan Ale, driver for Moyer Brothers, of Bloomsburg, as he was driving across the East Bloomsburg bridge at about 3 o'clock Friday afternoon. The ghastly object was noticed close to the second pier. It was recovered at Rupert, and from the description it was thought to be the remains of Charles Kreitzer, of Selinsgrove, one of the victims of the ill-fated Mifflinville bridge, which collapsed on the afternoon of Tuesday, December 10th last, carrying seven persons to their deaths.

The driver when he discovered the body drove rapidly to East Bloomsburg and gave out the information. However, there was no boat available and word was sent to Rupert. There the track hands were informed, and Kersey Bankes, with another employe, rowed out, and found the body. It was towed to the Rupert tower awaiting the action of the coroner.

That evening the body was identified as that of Charles Kreitzer by a brother of the latter, who arrived from Georgetown on the late train. The identification was clearly established by a watch chain on the body presented to the bridge victim by the brother and also by the condition of the teeth.

This is the third body that has been found since the accident occurred, the first being that of the foreman, A. W. Fahs, of Selinsgrove, who was found on the wreckage of the fallen "traveler" under the water, about two weeks after it had collapsed. The body of Millard Bowman, of Mifflinville, was discovered in the river at Steelton about two weeks ago.

It is thought after the high waters subside the bodies of the other four victims will also be found. They are George B. Faux, of Mifflinville; Adam Mussleman, of Selinsgrove; Adam Tritt, of Beaver Valley, and Irvin Updegraff, of Georgetown.

GRAFTERS CONVICTED.

The trial of the four men charged with conspiracy to defraud the state in connection with the erection of the new state capitol, were convicted by the jury on last Friday, after being out only six hours. The defendants are former State Treasurer Mathues, former Auditor General Snyder, former Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds Shumaker, and contractor J. H. Sanderson.

The maximum penalty on this one case is two years imprisonment and a fine of $1000. There are however a number of other indictments growing out of the same transactions that will make the total penalty run into many years and many thousands of dollars.

The conviction was largely through the work of James Scarlet Esq. of Danville, who was the Commonwealth's chief counsel.

SCARLET WILL STAY.

The report that James Scarlet may quit the capitol graft cases because of differences of opinion among counsel for the prosecution, is denied at Harrisburg. It is stated that no differences have occurred, and that there is no dissatisfaction among the lawyers. Mr. Scarlet was in Washington on Monday in consultation with Attorney General Bonapart in the powder trust cases, and his absence from Harrisburg no doubt led to the rumor that he had withdrawn.

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been entered of record by Recorder of Deeds Frank W. Miller:

Jacob Kreigh and wife to Chas. Kreigh for lot of ground in Catawissa.

Maria Berger to Martha Long for lot of ground in West Berwick.

Berwick Savings and Trust Co. to Alfred E. Boston for the easterly half of lot No. 57 on the southwest corner of Vine and Woodin streets in the borough of Berwick.

J. W. Geisinger and wife to W. J. Smith for a lot of ground in Stillwater.

Lucy J. Lynn to Mary A. Miller for 5 acres of land in Briar Creek township.

C. D. Hamlin et al. to Clinton C. Mensch for house and lot of ground situate on the north side of Mill street, Catawissa.

Aaron Y. Keller et al. to Geo. Evans for 3 acres of land in Pine township.

Bloomsburg Land Improvement Co. to Jennie S. Rush for a lot of ground on the south side of East Third street, Bloomsburg.

Susie Miller to John Steinbach for 8 acres and 7 perches of land in Cleveland township.

John Steinbach to Jacob Leisenring for 8 acres and 7 perches of land situate in Cleveland township

A. H. Yocum, a lminister and attorneyinfact, to Lewis Bunge for 97 acres of land in Roaring Creek township.

CONCERT.

The following program will be rendered at the concert to be given in St. Matthew's Lutheran church this evening, March 19 at 8 o'clock.

Piano Duet.....March by H. Kolwaski
Misses Edna Briggs and Lucretia Christian.
Reading ....Why Ben Schneider Voted Prohibition
Mr. Charles M. Bittenbender.
Duet.....I Am Happy in Him
Messrs. Orval Yetter and Ed. Ent.
Cornet Solo.....The Holy City
Mr. Lloyd Hartman.
Piano Solo. .....Spinning Wheel
Miss Ida Hartman.
Violin Solo.....Miss Sarah Garrison
Duet..... .....I Will Give You Rest
Misses Edith Knorr and Ethel Faust
Reading..... .....
An Afternoon in a Hotel Room
Mrs. Ralph Keller.
Piano Solo.....Silvery Waves
Miss Martha Hummel.
Violin Solo.....Gines Escanaverino
Soprano Solo.....A Fairy Song
Miss Agnes Hagenbuch.
Piano Solo.....Polka de Concert
Will Logan.
Solo..... .....The Tin Gee-Gee
Richard Brooke.
Reading.....A Telephone Romance
Miss Helen Hess.
Piano Duet.....Gallop by Cavini
Misses Edna Briggs and Lucretia Christian.

GYMNASTIC EXHIBITION.

The gymnastic exhibition of the department of physical education at the Normal School, was held last Friday evening. Every available space was filled by spectators. The grand march which opened the exercises was participated in by over four hundred students from Seniors to Modelites, and the varied uniforms made a very pretty sight as the procession went through their many evolutions. It was a very pleasant evening for all present.

The exhibition was in charge of Prof. B. F. Bryant, Physical Director, and Miss Bogenrief, Assistant Director assisted by Miss Marguerite Eshleman and Harry J. Fausel, and it was fully up to the high standard that has heretofor prevailed.

The jury commissioners will meet on the 24th inst. to draw the jurors for May court.

HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY.

An Address by Supt. W. W. Evans at State Convention of Superintendents.

At the recent convention of county superintendents at Harrisburg, an excellent paper was read by Supt. W. W. Evans, his subject being "Is the Prescribed Course of Study for Township and Borough High Schools Satisfactory?" It is reprinted here in full, and is worthy of careful reading. He said:

"A modern thinker has said that that man is best educated who is most useful. If usefulness in its broadest sense, is a true measure of education, it is important that those who plan courses of study and manage public schools keep this point of view constantly in mind. Whether the pupils who graduate from our high schools shall be able at once to take hold of the work of their community and become useful citizens depends quite as much upon the way they get their education as upon the subjects taught. If one were to study the science of swimming, wholly from books, in the schoolroom, and then he suddenly dropped into the water the next morning after he had received his diploma, he would probably drown, much to the disappointment and chagrin of his parents and teachers.

No sane person would attempt to learn to swim *out of the water* and it is high time for us to recognize that if the subjects we teach in the schools are to result in the increased usefulness of those who pursue them, they must be interpreted in terms of the life of the community in which the pupils live. We must vocationalize the work of the schools as far as possible, and educationalize the occupations familiar to the pupils. We must recognize the principle that school children learn by experience and that it is the chief business of the school to bring about conditions which will best enable them to begin those lines of conduct and experience during their school career which we most desire them to continue throughout their lives.

We should like to see the work of the high school as intimately connected with the industrial, social, civic and literary life of the community as possible. The following illustrations of some of the work in which the high school may participate educationally may serve to make this idea clearer.

In the fall before the first hard frost the teacher with his pupils might go through a neighboring corn field and select a number of the best ears judged according to the most scientific knowledge of the present. These ears could be properly cured in the schoolroom in the presence of the pupils. Some time in February they could be tested for vitality, by the pupils under the direction of the teacher. Specimens of seed corn could be tested from each farm and great blunders in planting thus avoided. It would not be impossible, with the co-operation of a farmer near by to conduct a corn-breeding plot during the summer. This training would eventually lead to corn-growing contests by the pupils. An ample supply of bulletins on all the phases of this subject may be had for the asking. Their careful study is entirely within the possibilities of any ordinary high school principal. Such a line of work could not help being of interest to the people of the communities, and helpful meetings of the patrons and pupils would surely result. The financial profit from this one single series of experments would mean hundreds of dollars to any community in which

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FUNERAL OF FATHER O'REILLY.

Drive of Nine Miles in the Night.

The Danville *Morning News* of Monday says:

Undertaker John Doster, who had charge of the obsequies of the late Father O'Reilly, and who accompanied the body as far as Montrose, returned to Danville on the 12:51 train Saturday.

At Montrose Mr. Doster delivered the body over into the hands of Hart & O'Brian, undertakers of that place. Between Montrose and St. Joseph lies a drive of nine miles. Of the 135 people who accompanied the body from Danville only twenty-five remained to complete the last stage of the journey beyond Montrose. A number of the people forming the funeral party went no further than Plymouth; others proceeded as far as Scranton, all returning to Danville on the next train.

The body did not reach its destination until midnight. It was 9:30 o'clock when the funeral party left Montrose. A deep snow had fallen in that part of the State and large numbers of men had been employed during the day in shoveling the roads open. From Montrose to St. Joseph, which is only a farming hamlet, the funeral cortege consisted of ten sleighs.

About the time the train arrived at Montrose it began to rain and the deep snow was quickly transformed into a bed of slush a foot deep. It was in such weather that the drive of nine miles had to be made.

HORSE KILLED IN ACCIDENT

Last Friday at noon A. W. Welliver was driving Senator L. a valuable trotting horse owned by his brother Dr. G. H. Welliver. He stopped at his house on Iron street, and when he came out the horse started before he could seize the lines, and get in the buggy, and running up Iron street, slipped on the brick pavement in turning the corner.

The horse's head came in contact with the hub of a heavy wagon of William Hutton, and was instantly killed. Senator L. was nine years old, and his record was 2:24¼, but it is said that he could go in 2:14. The value of the horse is stated to have been from $500 to $1000.

A SLICK SWINDLER.

Look out for a clever swindler who represents himself as a special agent for a publishing concern and the New York University association. He visits all music teachers and through them secures the names of their pupils. He then calls upon the latter and offers for sale sixteen volumes of the compositions of the world's famous composers. He collects from $3 to $5 to cover transportation charges and is never heard of again. The swindle has worked successfully in several nearby towns. He is described as being of fair complexion, 24 years of age, five feet nine inches in height, weight about 146, dark hair, brown eyes and neatly dressed.

The best rule to follow is not to deal in any way with strangers of whom you know nothing.

MEMORIAL DAY.

Plans for Memorial Day exercises were made by a joint committee of Ent Post G. A. R. and the Sons of Veterans on Tuesday evening.

On Sunday morning, May 24th, they will attend services at the Evangelical church to listen to an appropriate sermon by the pastor, Rev. E. B. Bailey.

Clinton Herring Esq. was selected to deliver the principal memorial address on the evening of Memorial Day, in the Court House. An interesting program will be prepared. Committees were appointed to make all necessary arrangements.

RUPERT'S ENTERPRISE.

The residents of Rupert have resolved to make some improvements in that village by the formation of an organization for the purpose of laying side walks. An election was held last Saturday for the selection of officers, with the following result: President, A. J. Duck; Secretary, Arthur Roberts; Treasurer, D. L. Gruver.

Fred C. Williams, formerly of this town, but for some years of Scranton, has been appointed resident Manager in New York City of the Title Guaranty and Surety Co.

MINISTERS UP AND DOING

Novel Enterprises Marking the Work of Churches.

MOHAMMEDANS ARE FEW

Free Lunch at Cripple Creek, Checks for Babies in Chicago—Advertising Found to Pay—Varied Forms Mission Work—Early Church Societies in America.

Church organizations of the United States have sometimes been accused of lack of enterprise, but innumerable instances of extraordinary enterprise may be cited in refutation of this charge.

The pastor of a church at Cripple Creek, Col., has introduced the free lunch feature in connection with his church work. He announced in the papers that all who attended his service would afterward be provided with free food in the Sunday school room.

For the sake of novelty a New York preacher employed a whistler and later a vaudeville artist to enliven the services at his church. Not long ago the writer had occasion to make an extensive trip over the United States, and in eleven different cities pastors of various denominations went to the trouble to copy his name from the hotel register and send invitations to attend their meetings.

In many cities church advertisements now appear in the street cars and other public places. The conviction seems to be growing that it pays to advertise religion as well as anything else.

A Chicago minister hit upon a plan to encourage housewives and young mothers to come to the Sunday morning service at his church. He established a creche or day nursery in an adjoining building where he installed a corps of nurses under the charge of a competent matron.

Mothers of babies and young children are now invited to bring the little people along and check them free of charge in the creche, while they attend church next door. Their minds can thus be free from worry in the thought that their children are near and are being well cared for.

The man who objects to foreign missions and thinks that nothing is being done to spread the Gospel at home will be surprised to know that a great organization is at work establishing churches and Sunday schools in the out of way places of this country. There are missionaries of the various denominations still dwelling much after the fashion of old time circuit riders, or with mule teams hitched to Gospel wagons.

There are also a number of chapel cars which the Western railroads haul on their trains free of charge. The car Emmanuel runs on the Pacific Coast, the Goodwill makes one night stands in Texas, the Evangel is in the Indian Territory, the Messenger of Peace in Missouri, while the Glad Tidings and the Herald of Hope come as far East as Wisconsin and Michigan.

One feature of the work of the Salvation Army is the effort it makes to encourage self respect and self help among the unfortunates whom it assists. The old clothes gathered from various sources are sold to the deserving at ridiculously low prices, but the purchaser his manhood by paying for them.

In most of the large cities wagons are sent around to collect old papers and rags for the industrial homes. The man in charge of this work in one city declares that if everybody would save his papers and rags and give them to the Army collector, the simple task of preparing this rubbish to ship to the mills would furnish occupation for practically all the homeless vagrants in the city.

Some of the oldest churches established under the patronage of the English Crown are still standing in this country. In many instances the royal arms are displayed of the walls, and the altar holds communion silver marked with inscriptions expressing the King's good will to his faithful subjects. Notable among these is King's Chapel in Boston now a Unitarian church.

The Epworth League derived its name from the Epworth rectory in England, where John Wesley was born and raised. In politics the Congregationalists look upon the famous Ordinance of 1878 as their own. Its passage was said to be due chiefly to the efforts of one Manasseh Cutler, a Congregational minister. It prohibited slavery in the Northwest Territory now Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin, and abolished the law of primogeniture, which made the eldest son the only heir to his father's estate.

A notable fact about religious conditions in the United States is the scarcity of Mohammedans. Although the followers of this religion number hundreds of millions, there is a mere sprinkling of them in this country. There are only three Ottoman subjects in Chicago. The largest Mohammedan colony is at Worchester, Mass., where several hundred Turks and Kurds are employed as factory workers.

There are several reason why Mohammedans do not come here is numbers. The principal one is that before leaving his own country any subject of the Sultan must give bond that he will not change his religion while away.

THE LONG HAIR OF GENIUS.

Stories of Famous Men, Whose Locks Were in Demand.

The late Sir August Manns had a luxuriant growth of hair, which, when he first came to England, many years since, was jet black. On its account he was subjected to no little chaff. "Week after week," he said, in the course of an interview, "did the postmen bring me big letters with cuttings of every description, accompanied by neatly written advice how to use them, and tiny pink letters with enclosures of three penny bits, with the request to go to the barber and have my hair cut."

The celebrated violinist, Paganini, was economical in all his ways, even to the disposal of his hair, of which admirers would at times request a lock as a memento. The demand was never declined, but the lock sent was of the most scant description, and never without a strongly-worded request for a handsome subscription towards some rather indefinite charity in which the musician was interested. With Paganini charity often began at home and ended there, too.

A pretty story is told of Mendelssohn. Once, when in Paris, he was approached by a poor woman with a prayer for alms. He was about to accede to the request when he remembered that he had no money upon his person. He had a sharp knife, however, and producing this he cut off a lock of his hair, which he handed to the suppliant. Much surprised was the latter, and still more so when a passer by, who had recognized the musician, rushed up and offered her for the hirsute a piece of gold, which it is needless to say, was gladly accepted.

On one occasion says Tit-Bits, when Wagner paid a visit to the hairdresser he was accompanied by his wife who carefully collected and made into a parcel the shorn hair, preparatory to removing it from the shop. The barber was aghast, for he had already sold, and received payment for, the master's clipped locks. He implored Fraw Wagner to reconsider her intention, but the lady was obdurate, only relenting so far as to remark that her butcher's hair was very similar in color to that of her husband. The hint was taken.

In the cause of a deserving charity Verdi agreed to part with a number of his locks, for which demand was to be made by letter only. Many applications, accompanied by remittances, arrived, and were duly honored, much to the benefit of an excellent cause, and by no means to the detriment of the composer's hair, which, despite the many calls upon its growth seemed as thick and long as ever. A most unaccountable phenomenon, his friends thought, but they gradually changed their minds and exchanged smiles when they noticed how very bare a certain servant, whose hair much resembled his master's was becoming about the pate.

Mario, the great tenor, on being asked by a pretty but rather bold member of the fair sex for a lock of his hair, laughingly proposed a race, stipulating that, in the event of his being the victor, he should receive a kiss from the loser's lips, but that should fortune decide against him, he would agree to submit his head to the conqueror's ciasors. Off the pair started, and the victory seemed to be in Mario's grasp, when he tripped and fell, allowing his fair rival to reach the goal first. He at once gallantly paid forfeit, and the lady with equal courtesy awarded him the prize that, had he won, would have been his due.

The barber of Indianapolis who, chancing to possess one of President Abraham Lincoln's razors, drove a brisk trade of charging those of his customers on whose chins it operated an extra half dollar must yield the palm for originality to a West-end Figaro into whose shop Gounod once chanced to stray for the purpose of having his hair trimmed. By Figaro, who was of a musical turn, this good fortune was duly appreciated. He preserved the hair cutting cloth as it came, plentifully besprinkled with hair, from the composer's neck, to be used thenceforward only by such customers as were willing to pay handsomely for the honor.

India's Tiger Bird.

India's tiger bird, so-called because he is the one thing the royal beast fears, is no longer than the sparrow. Yet so bold and combative is he that if the great cat is surprised by a sufficient number of the little creatures far from the protecting shelter of the jungle it will go hard with him. When alone the bird will make no attack. Supported by a flock of friends, however, often numbering several thousands, the bird will seek out his hereditary foe and give battle.

A Great Benefactor.

If people of other countries were asked the name of the Englishman whom they hold in greatest respect that of Lord Lister would rise spontaneously to their lips. This, at least, is literally true, that no man alive has by a single discovery conferred upon the whole of mankind a greater boon than did the surgeon who discovered the antiseptic treatment of wounds.—Yondon Telegraph.

Nothing reveals a man's character more fully than the spirit in which he bears his limitations.

The Crown of Womanhood is Motherhood.

The crown of womanhood is motherhood. But uneasy lies the head that wears the crown or anticipates this coronation, when there is a lack of womanly strength to bear the burdens of maternal dignity and duty. And how few women come to this critical time with adequate strength. The reason why so many women sink under the strain of motherhood is because they are unprepared. Is preparation then required for motherhood? asks the young woman. And every experienced mother answers—"Yes." "I unhesitatingly advise expectant mothers to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. Stephens. The reason for this advice is that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best preparative for the maternal function. No matter how healthy and strong a woman may be, she cannot use "Favorite Prescription" as a preparative for maternity without gain of health and comfort. But it is the women who are not strong who best appreciate the great benefits received from the use of "Favorite Prescription." For one thing its use makes the baby's advent practically painless. It has in many cases reduced days of suffering to a few brief hours. It has changed the period of anxiety and struggle into a time of ease and comfort.

MOTHER OF THE FAMILY.

The anxious mother of the family oftentimes carries the whole burden of responsibility so far as the home medication of common ailments of the girls or boys is concerned. The cost of the doctor's visits is very often much too great. At such times the mother is invited to write to Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., for medical advice, which is given free. Correspondence is held strictly confidential.

The ingredients of the "Favorite Prescription" is a matter of public knowledge, being printed on each separate bottle wrapper.

Perfect safety is assured with Doctor Pierce's well known medicines because no harmful ingredient is contained in them. No alcohol, opium or harmful narcotic is contained in the "Favorite Prescription." Nearly forty years ago Dr. Pierce discovered that chemically pure glycerine of proper strength is a better solvent of our native medicinal plants than is alcohol. Besides glycerine is of high nutritive value in building up healthy flesh—much surpassing cod liver oil. The ingredients in "Favorite Prescription" beside the glycerine are Lady's Slipper root, Golden Seal root, Black Cohosh and Blue Cohosh root, and Unicorn root.

Dr. John Fyfe, Editor of the Department of Therapeutics in THE ELECTIC REVIEW says of Unicorn root (*Helonias Dioica*) one of the chief ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription:

"A remedy which invariably acts as a uterine invigorator and always favors a condition which makes for normal activity of the entire system, cannot fail to be of great usefulness and of the utmost importance to the general practitioner of medicine. "In Helonias we have a medicament which more fully answers the above purposes *than any other drug with which I am acquainted.* In the treatment of diseases peculiar to women it is seldom that a case is seen which does not present some indication for this remedial agent."

Of another important ingredient Prof. John King, M. D., says: "As a *partus præparator*, Blue Cohosh has enjoyed a well-merited reputation, for when used by delicate women, or those who experience painful labors, for several weeks previous, it gives tone and vigor to all the parts engaged, facilitating its progress, *and relieving much suffering.*" Prof. Hale testifies of women who have taken Caulophyllum, *all had very easy labors* and made good recoveries. Blue Cohosh acts as an anti-abortive by relieving the irritation upon which the trouble depends. He continues, "It has been employed to relieve *irritation of the reproductive organs* dependent on congestion. It controls chronic inflammatory states of organs and gives tone in cases of debility."

The foregoing are only a few brief extracts taken from among the volumes of endorsements which the most eminent medical writers have given the ingredients entering into Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women, the makers of which are not afraid to print their formula on the bottle wrapper, thus taking their patrons into their full confidence.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

How to live in health and happiness is the general theme of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This great work on medicine and hygiene, containing over 1000 pages and more than 700 illustrations, is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only.* Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers.

Garman and Lenahan in Scrap.

The announcement of John M. Garman, Esq. as a Bryan candidate to the Democratic National Convention has already resulted in strong opposition by the Lenahan faction and has practically re-opened the old fight of these two factions in Luzerne county politics. While Congressman Lenahan is not an avowed candidate for the honor of national delegate he is unalterably opposed to t he honor going to his old time political antagonist and as a consequence the opposing forces are being lined up all over the county. A conference of prominent politicians representing the Lenahan faction is said to have been held at Wilkes-Barre recently when ex-District Attorney Peter O'Boyle, Pittston, and H. W. Jacobs, of Hazleton, were agreed upon.

It is said that as a running mate with himself Mr. Garman has decided upon P. M. McAniff, who was a candidate for District Attorney three years ago.

Garman is an open and avowed Bryanite and Lenahan and his followers are in favor of any one but the Nebraskan statesman.

It has been suggested by men prominent in the affairs of the Democratic party of that county that to avoid a repetition of the fight between these two unrelenting political warriors, which practically disrupted the organization, that both be elected as national delegates. Such a movement would, it is believed, avoid much bitter feeling and in no wise reflect on their stand in the councils of their party.

HOW FEATHERS ARE MIXED.

Trade that is Hard to Learn—Method of Sorting the Grades.

Feather mixing is one of the hardest trades to learn, but when mastered is also one of the best-paying methods of earning a living. The worker who intends to make this trade his lifework must start when he is young, for it takes on an average three years for a man to work up from pillow filler to feather mixer.

Feathers that have been plucked from nens, ducks, turkeys and geese are the only kind of feathers that are used, says the Chicago Tribune. One kind of feathers at a time is placed in the drum, to be beaten and to be sterilized by hot air process. The drum is a large machine not unlike the washing machines used in laundries. In the centre of each machine is an axle with eight beaters attached. The beaters make over 200 revolutions a minute, beating the dust out of the feathers and cleaning them thoroughly. A thin screen on the front and back of the machine lets the dust out.

This part of the feather work is the most unhealthy,, for the windows in the drum room are not allowed to be opened and the dust that comes from the feathers is inhaled by the workers. Many of the drum men contract consumption in a year or more doing this work, and are compelled to give up and seek other employment. The work is not so unhealthy as it was in former years, for the men now are allowed to leave the room while the machine is in operation.

After the feathers have been beaten and sterilized in the drum they are placed in the blowing machine to be sorted and to be deodorized by the cold blast. As in the drum the kind of feathers are put in the blower separately. The blower is the most simple and yet the most powerful machine that is used in the feather business. The machine is built with a large funnel-shaped mouth on top, and always is placed at one end of a large room.

The feathers are placed in the funnel, through which they fall down into the centre of the machine. The cold air blowing from the fan deodorizes them, and they leave the machine in a steady stream, flying all over the room. The worker finds himself in what looks like a miniature storm, for the feathers fly around as high as the ceiling. An onlooker well might wonder where the sorting comes in of the maze of feathers.

It is here that the wonderful part of the machine lies, for the air pressure is so arranged that the heaviest feathers which are also the cheapest, will fall precisely in a bin about five feet away from the blower. The next heaviest will fall in a bin fifteen feet away from the machine, and the rest of the seven different grades of feathers will fall accurately in bins that have been provided for them. The down, which is the most expensive, flies around in the air the longest, but when it comes down it falls in a bin that is placed over 75 feet away from the blower. Thus the seven different grades of feathers have been sorted, each kind in a bin and without having been touched since leaving the blower.

The drum and blower man, after putting in five years at this kind of work and also learning the different grades of feathers takes another step upward in the business and becomes an assistant to the mixer. His work consists of weighing feathers and learning the different combinations that are used in stuffing pillows. In a few years he probably will know how to mix some of the combinations but usually it takes five years of experience before an assistant can become a mixer.

The combination used in the cheapest pillows is hen and turkey feathers. Duck and turkey combination is used in a little better grade of pillows and the best combination of all is duck and goose feathers. The most expensive filling is made of downy feather from geese. These combinations have different prices, and the mixer must know these prices and, when he can, experiment with the various kinds of feathers to try and get a cheaper combination that will last as long as the dearer kind.

Swimming Under Water.

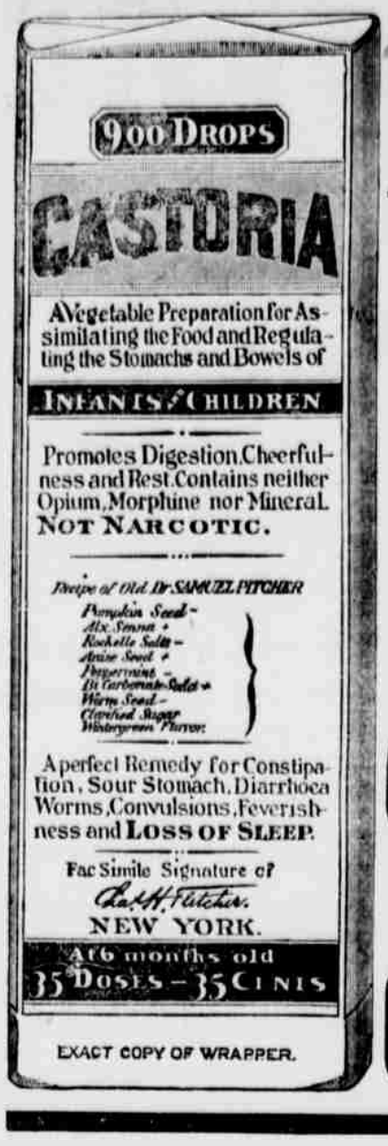
One of the games of the Indian boys at Haskell school, Lawrence, Kan., is swimming under the water. On the shore stands a little naked red man. Into his serious little mouth is thrust a handful of grass, then — plunge, and away beneath the surface. As he swims he blows lightly through the grass, causing bubbles to rise upon the surface, and by these his companions trace him and he who goes the longest distance is privileged to strike with a wet cloth the boy who goes the shortest.

Egg Shells as Gas Mantles.

A German patent covers the employment of egg shells as gas mantles. The two ends of the shell having been removed, it is to be supported by a gas burner, so that it may be heated to incandescence from the inside. Eggs are getting scarcer; and this may throw a little light on the subject.—London Globe.

Lawsons Unique Collection.

In one room in his home Thomas Lawson of Boston, has 172 images of elephants, from one inch high, carved from ivory, to old dusky brass models three feet high. Mr. Lawson takes great satisfaction in exhibiting them to his visitors.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AT NIGHT IN PARIS SLUMS.

Harrowing Spectacle That Meets One's Gaze on all Sides.

As it grows later the streets fill; women come out; the beggars come home from the boulevards; from further away — from the suburbs and outskirts—come the little men who have made a coup, emptied a pocket or a villa; "La Boule" has finished his oysters, and we begin our night journey. As we turn into the Rue Pirouette the lighted belfray of St. Eustache gives the hour—midnight. That street is dark. You can hardly make out the figures that pass, men or women. The air is heavy with odors of fish, or decaying vegetables; underfoot the pavement is gluey with dead things; your boots crunch on snail shells. At No. 5 there is a low archway; it leads to the Cour du Beaume, a cast court, surrounded by a gallery set on pillars of wood. Five centuries ago it was a sumptuous palace, this moldy building; then a "court of Miracles." This night it is filled with empty hand carts, with ladders, baskkets, the refuse of the markets. Only against one wall a half dozen old hags lie huddled, sleeping away the hours until they can find work at the markets. Further on, the Rue Pirouette is lighter. Women stand in the doorways—the eternal women of the under world. They offer you the effrontery of their eyes.

They wear no hats, these women—the glory of each of them is her huge casque of hair, yellow, red or black, built high on the head.

The "little men" in the wine shops look out as we pass, "La Boule" and I. They are drinking absinthe, playing cards, eating snails. Most of them are young; they are sallow and lean and wicked. It is in their horoscope to die in a jail or under the guillotine or in a wild brawl of knives. We shall meet them yonder in the "Angel Gabriel," in the "Cave of the Innocents" and many another den tonight and they are worth studying, these bandits of Paris. From without the "Angel Gabriel," is as banal as any other of the dirty wine shops of the town. And, indeed, unless one is an old Parisian, given to slumming there is no way of telling the peaceful tavern from the den of murder and spoil.—Everybody's Magazine.

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An Alarm Clock for Light or Sound Sleepers.

Many ultra-sound sleepers, after using the common, continuous alarm clock a short time, have found that the alarm awakens them momentarily only, and they again lapse into slumber, the alarm having failed in its purpose.

Recently a famous inventor patented an alarm clock which he calls THE ROTATOR. The alarm bell in this clock rings for about a quarter of a minute and is silent a similar period, alternating thus for about twelve minutes, but is fitted with a manual "shut-off," by means of which the alarm may be discontinued at will. The alarm adjustment is practically perfect and the alarm may be relied upon to "go off" at the time set. Alarm bell is contained entirely within the case, which is of seamless drawn brass, nickled and highly polished. *The Philadelphia Press* offers one of the clocks, which, by the way, retails for $2.50, and the Daily edition of *The Press* one year, both sent to your home without further expense to you for *only* Four Dollars. Order at once, as the offer may be withdrawn at any time.

DO THE RIGHT THING if you have Nasal Catarrh. Get Ely's Cream Balm at once. Don't touch the catarrh powders and snuffs, for they contain cocaine. Ely's Cream Balm releases the secretions that inflame the nasal passages and the throat, whereas medicines made with mercury merely dry up the secretions and leave you no better than you were. In a word, Ely's Cream Balm is a real remedy, not a delusion. All druggists, 50 cents, or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

There are some women who seem to be perennially youthful. The growth daughters are companions as well as children, and the color in the mother's cheeks, the brightness in her eyes, the roundness of her form, all speak of abounding health. What is her secret? She is at the middle age of life when so many women are worn, wasted and faded, and yet time has only ripened her charms. The secret of this matronly health and beauty may be told in the brief phrase, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The general health of woman is so intimately related to the local health of the delicate womanly organs, that where these are diseased, the whole body must suffer. "Favorite Prescription" dries the debilitating drains, heals ulceration and inflammation, cures female weakness and imparts to the delicate female organs natural vigor and vitality. Women who have lost their health and their beauty have been made "robust and rosy cheeked" by the use of this marvelous medicine.

Mrs. Muggins—"What tapering fingers your husband has." Mrs. Buggins—"Of course. He's a stock broker." Mrs. Muggins—"What has that got to do with it?" Mrs. Buggins—"I suppose they get that way from handling the tape so much."

A Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., March 16, 1908.

An ugly land fraud almost under the dome of the Capitol has been discovered within the last week whereby the Government has been defrauded of land worth a very considerable sum and only by a mere chance avoided losing another valuable tract. Senator Carter exposed the transaction in the Senate and that body immediately repealed the law which conveyed to Bieber his last title, the Secretary of War having delayed acting under that enactment. It is not known what the House will do in the matter as it is evident that in that chamber there are powerful influences at work to hush the whole matter up. For the entire parcel of land, Bieber appears to have paid about $5,000 the parcel containing about 20 acres, and for a small part of the land he recently refused to accept from the Pennsylvania Railroad $15,000 cash. The Government has already expended $300,000 for improving the Anacostia River on which this land, which carries the riparian rights, abuts, and it is proposed to expend a very much larger sum. The records show that for the last transaction Representative Bartholdt of Missouri was responsible and Mr. Bartholdt has made a statement saying that the action of his committee was perfectly proper and regular, but there is every indication that the Senate will express a different opinion. It is assumed in the Senate that Bieber must have exerted very powerful influence in the House to secure such favorable legislation.

***

Bieber was formerly assistant fire marshall of the District of Columbia. He became ill and through the kind influence of Speaker Cannon he secured a pension of $90 a month for life, although he is still a man of middle age and is now in excellent health. He has recently been engaged in an effort to have the two delegates from the District instructed to vote for Speaker Cannon in the Republican National Convention. When asked on the night after Senator Carter made the expose in the Senate what he had to say regarding it, Bieber said that he was "too busy with local politics to discuss the matter."

***

The fighting in the Republican ranks is becoming more and more bitter every day. A Republican Representative, Mr. Acheson, of Pennsylvania, has recently inspired a report to the effect that Cecil Lyon, the Republican National Committeeman from Texas, was collecting from postmasters in that state 10 per cent of their salaries as a campaign fund. Then the President came back at Mr. Acheson and pointed out that a Republican, but not Cecil Lyon had attempted to make such a collection, that he had been prosecuted by direction of the President and that only last week the Supreme Court of the United States had decided the case against the said Republican who is now liable to a fine of $60,000 and imprisonment for thirty years. The political end of the fight is interesting, however, from the fact that this arrays Acheson against the President and vice versa, and as Acheson is having a very hard fight in his district against a prominent Pennsylvania Elk, it is now believed the Congressman will be defeated.

***

The most brilliant speech which has yet been heard on the Aldrich bill was made last week by Senator Bailey of Texas. Mr. Bailey spoke for three and one half hours and held the attention of an audience which crowded both the Senate and the galleries, many Democrats coming over from the House to listen. Mr. Bailey opposed the Aldrich measure because he believes that the banks should be allowed to issue no money and that such issue should be confined to the government. He indicated, however, that if he could not get his substitute, providing for $1,000 million emergency Treasury notes, he would vote for the Aldrich bill.

***

Congress seems prepared to pass the Frye resolution which provides that the material for the Panama Canal must be carried in American vessels unless the prices charged are extortionate. Of course this exception makes the bill seem fair on its face, but the fact is that under such a bill the Secretary of War will feel compelled to pay at least 50 per cent more to American ships than is asked by foreign vessel owners, and even if when asked still higher prices by Americans there will be a howl of indignation from the vessel owners if he dares to employ foreign ships. That was the case with the vessels carrying coal to the Pacific for the current battleship cruise, it will be remembered, although the Secretary did fly in the face of the shipowners and charter a number of foreign vessels.

***

Representative Tawney is again shouting economy and he declares there will be no public building bill this year and that provision will be made for only two battleships if he has his way. He says he is determined to keep the total appropriations down to the limit for the current year, $920,000,000 but it will be interesting to see if Mr. Tawney raises his voice against the pernicious pension legislation whereby it is proposed to put all the old soldiers' widows who are not entitled to a pension under the existing laws, on the rolls at $12 a month, thus increasing the pension budget by about $15,000,000 a year. That is a measure with which it is expected to make Republican votes and perhaps promote the candidacy of Speaker Cannon. Cannon makes Tawney chairman of Appropriations, and so it goes.

***

There has been a little more variety in Democratic politics this week. Several representatives of Judge George Grey of Delaware have been in Washington looking over the ground and the action of the Minnesota Democratic committee in endorsing Governor Johnson adds somewhat to the gayety of the situation although there is as yet no indication that Mr. Bryan will meet with any serious opposition in the Denver convention.

Justice Triumphant.

Crime in high places has at last found merited condemnation by the law in Pennsylvania. The verdict of the Capitol jury at Harrisburg gives every citizen of this Commonwealth occasion to carry his head up proudly and affords him ground for honest gratification. Not that there is or should be any feeling of triumph over the convicted men, once the trusted stewards of the people and now branded as felons—their downfall gives cause for sorrow, not for rejoicing. But past experience—the almost invariable failure of prosecutions involving charges of the malversation of public funds—made the outlook hopeless that knavery and criminal complacency in public offices could be brought within reach of the arm of the law.

The impression that legal quillets and quiddities formed insuperable obstacles to any attempt to reform existing abuses through penal process blighted regenerative movements and deadened civic spirit Wrongdoers felt safe in repeating with a leer Tweed's famous query: "What are you going to do about it?" And it seemed veritably as if nothing could be done.

The news from Harrisburg proves that "things are different," indeed, in Pennsylvania, and there is a promise in it that things will stay different. Unless the rulings of the trial Court should be found to have been so greatly in error as to justify a reversal of judgment on appeal—and in view of the simplicity of the legal questions involved there is little to fear on that score—the possibility of success in future prosecutions of political conspirators has been wonderfully increased. It will not be requisite to produce in proof of such conspiracy the confessions of the conspirators or sealed articles of agreement between them signed with their own blood. Juries will be permitted to draw the natural inferences from the acts of dishonest or criminally complacent custodians of public moneys or occupants of offices of trust.

The same rules that apply to conspiracies against individuals apply to cousipiracies against the people. The finger of scorn can no longer be pointed at this community as one that is not only corrupt but content in its corruption it is a proud day for the Commonwealth and a proud day for the Democratic State Treasurer, whose vigilance and rugged honesty were the means of discovering the crime and bringing the great criminals to the bar of justice.—*Phila. Record.*

Sawdust Kills Fish.

State Fish Commissioner Meehan has instructed his wardens that hereafter sawdust will be considered a "poison" under Section 26 of the Act of 1901, relative to the pollution of streams, and that they prosecute all persons who pollute streams with this substance. Sawdust in the streams is a source of constant annoyance to the wardens who have streams in lumber regions under their surveillance, and there is scarcely a district in Pennsylvania which is not more or less affected. Many mills get rid of sawdust by dumping it into the streams, and it kills the fish by choking up their gills. Only one law was ever passed directly bearing upon this matter, and that one is nearly a century old, and according to Commissioner Mehan does not cover the ground.

Is your baby thin, weak, fretful?

Make him a *Scott's Emulsion* baby.

Scott's Emulsion is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites prepared so that it is easily digested by little folks.

Consequently the baby that is fed on *Scott's Emulsion* is a sturdy, rosy-cheeked little fellow full of health and vigor.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

On Trail of Fortune's Heir.

Boy of Romantic Career Soon to Be Restored to Luxury.

A definite clew has been discovered by detectives, of Luzerne county who for the past five weeks have been searching for Paul James, a young man who believes he is a penniless orphan, but for whom parents and a fortune are waiting in New York The boy, placed in an orphan asylum in New York by his mother 17 years ago, after the mysterious disappearance of his father, was some years later sent to a farm in Susquehanna county, but ran away in September, 1905 The detectives have traced him from place to place in upper Pennsylvania and lower New York States, where he worked in small hotels and have now learned that he enlisted in the army and is now probably stationed in Cuba.

The father was shanghaied and taken on a long voyage instead of being murdered, as was at first believed. An injury to his head wiped out his memory. He turned up later in the Colorado and Nevada Gold fields and made a lucky strike, which gave him a fortune. A short time ago he regained the memory lost 16 years before. He went to New York and found his wife and since then has been trying to locate his son.

Last of Washington Elms.

The last of the famous Washington elms in Old St. Paul's churchyard, New York, was laid low last week. In Colonial days a line of these trees extended along the northern boundary of the churchyard from Broadway almost to the river. President Washington, in arriving at church from the executive mansion, at Cherry street, on Sunday mornings, invariably tied his horse to one or the other of the group.

The trees were cherished by generation after generation of sextons, but in spite of care bestowed they died, one after the other.

Woman 130 Years Old.

Perhaps the oldest woman in the United States is Miss Mena Miller, an inmate of the York county almshouse, who, according to the records of that institution, has reached the remarkable age of 130 years.

Miss Miller was admitted to the institution on January 1, 1860, at which time it was claimed she was 82 years old. Since then she has been an inmate continuously, with the exception of a few weeks at a time when she took what she called "jaunts" between York city and Baltimore. The last of these trips was taken two years ago.

Trespass Notices.

Card signs "No Trespassing" for sale at this office. They are printed in accordance with the late act of 1903. Price 5 cents each. tf

Several residents of Blairsville are reported to have been victimized by sharpers recently. Frank Christian, who recently embarked in the wholesale grocery business to get the Italian trade, gave an order to a traveling salesman for $500 worth of goods, paying $250 in cash and giving his note for the balance. A few days ago he received notice from a New York distillery company saying they held his order for fifteen barrels of whiskey and as soon as he makes payment of the note the whiskey will be shipped. Christian says he ordered no whiskey, and has sent an attorney to New York to investigate the matter. A farmer named Clark Dunlap was approached by a stranger who said he had an $80 buggy at Derry that he would sell for $40, and also a lot of groceries that he would sell for $10, away under value. The farmer bit and in turn was bitten, as he is unable to locate buggy or groceries. Two other farmers were done up on feed propositions.

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50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

BOOK MAILED FREE.

Passing of the Veteran.

Thirty-One Thousand Civil War Veterans Died in 1907.

Thirty-one thousand veteran soldiers died last year. That would be about two army corps as their strength usually was. They had served their country well and lived to a good old age. Their average age would be little, if any, less than seventy years. And this year is to reap another harvest of still greater number, perhaps 40,000 will answer the last roll call this year. May they go on in peace and may flowers deck their graves on Memorial Day for a thousand years.

President May Visit London.

A persistent rumor that President and Mrs. Roosevelt will visit England next year is current in American circles in London. It is said that he will stay six months in London with his family and will study the organization of the navy and the management of the dockyards.

Story of a Famous Hymn.

A popular hymn is Theodulph's, "All glory, laud and honour," belonging to the ninth century, and said to have been written by the poet, while in an Angers prison.

The author of "Hymns and Their Makers" quotes a legend in relation to its use on Palm Sunday, 821, to the effect that when Louis the Pious, King of France, was at Angers, he took part in the usual procession of laity and clergy, and as the procession passed the place where St. Theodulph the Bishop of Orleans, had long been incarcerated he was seen standing at the open window of the cell, and there, amid the silence of the people he sang his hymn, to the delight of the King, who at once ordered him to be set at liberty and restored to his see. In some minor details this legend is referred to by other writers as well.

The original is too long to be sung in modern services as it has no fewer than seventy eight lines. The verses usually found in our hymnals are but a fragment of the original hymn, which, with more or less abbreviation, has been used as a processional for many centuries.

Hammer Oldest Implement.

The hammer, besides being a tool of universal use, is probably the oldest representative of a mechanic's tool kit. The hammer was originally a stone fastened to a handle with thongs, and it was as useful as a weapon as a tool.

Hammers are represented on the monuments of Egypt 20 centuries before our era. They greatly resemble the hammer now in use, save that there were no claws on the back for the extraction of nails. Claw hammers were invented some time during the Middle Ages. Illustrated manuscript of the eleventh century represent carpenters with claw hammers.

Hammers are of all sizes, from the dainty instruments used by the jewelers, which weigh less than half an ounce, to the gigantic 50 ton hammer of shipbuilding establishments, some of which have a falling force of from 90 to 100 tons. Every trade has its own hammer and its own way of using it.—Baltimore Sun.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7.30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	21 A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	21 A.M
	†	†	†	
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 00
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	....
Paper Mill	9 14	2 52	6 29	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners	f9 40	f3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 16
Edsons	f10 00	f3 37	f7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	f10 03	f3 40	f7 21	8 16
Laubachs	f10 08	f3 45	f7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	f10 10	f3 47	f7 33	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 10

SOUTHWARD.

	22 A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	22 A.M.
	†	†	†	†	†
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 48
Grass Mere Park	f6 01	f11 00	f4 47	f7 12	....
Laubachs	f6 03	f11 02	f4 48	f7 13	11 52
Coles Creek	f6 12	f11 06	f4 53	f7 22	12 06
Edsons	f6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	f6 35	f11 29	f5 17	f7 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. P & R	....	....	....	8.25	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 15

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† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily ‡ Sunday only. f Flag stop.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

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CASNOW

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS FOR Headache

FOR
NEURALGIA.
SCIATICA.
RHEUMATISM.
BACKACHE.
PAIN IN CHEST.
DISTRESS IN STOMACH.
SLEEPLESSNESS

TAKE ONE of the Little Tablets AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

If you have Headache Try One

They Relieve Pain Quickly, leaving no bad After-effects

25 Doses 25 Cents Never Sold in Bulk.

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000 | Undivided Profits $30.000 | Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

OFFICERS:

F. W. M. Low, President. J. M. Staver, Vice President.
E. B. Tustin, Vice President. Frank Ikeler, Cashier.

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THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

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GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1908

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE
WILLIAM CHRISMAN,
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER
W. P. ZEHNER
of Main Township.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER
(Second Term)
FRANK W. MILLER
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
A. C. CREASY,
of Center Township.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
(Second Term)
CHARLES L. POHE
of Catawissa.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR PROTHONOTARY
FREEZE QUICK
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.
W. B. SNYDER
of Locust Township.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR CONGRESS
JOHN G. McHENRY,
of Benton.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party in the 16th Congressional District.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER
JOHN MOUREY
of Roaringcreek Township.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE
WILLIAM T. CREASY,
of Catawissa.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
(Second Term)
JERRY A. HESS
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the rules of the Democratic Party.

Observe how the Penrose organs ignore State Treasurer William H. Berry and the master hand he played in bringing to light the State Capitol frauds. Berry uncovered the steal, forced the hand of unwilling gangsters and compelled a promise of investigation. The gangsters are forewitted. They fear that Berry will be the next Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, and they are trying to cover him out of sight and wet-blanket him in advance.

—*Record.*

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
(Second Term)
ELISHA RINGROSE
of Center Township.
Subject to the Rules of the Republican Party.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
C. FRED LENHART
of Berwick.
Subject to the rules of the Republican party.

DEMOCRACY'S POWER.

During these skirmish days before the battle, Democrats at times may feel despondent because a seeming quietude might indicate apathy. The mere interchange of jibes and jokes between the pickets ends in nothing. The air of coming victory assumed by Republicans deceives nobody. The silent courses of thought are running, and it is believed the outcome will be a splendid Democratic triumph.

The party needs no multiplicity of declarations to entangle, or befuddle. No necessity demands profession about every conceivable project that wild imagination might conceive or every vagary that dreamer might indulge. There is today proceeding in the political mind of this country a process of straining the false from the true, the lasting from the ephemeral, the immediate good from the delusive vision. For months the attempt has progressed to install a new cult of government, to usurp unfamiliar functions by officials not so empowered. The brazen program has been conducted of diverting the people from their proximate burdens by undue preachment about lesser ills.

Let Democracy assert that it will stand, as of old, against invalid encroachment by the Federal Government upon the States, and that it will stop the burdening of the mass to enrich the few. With plain and firm front against centralized power and bounty-fed wealth, Democracy can win.—*Pittsburg Post.*

Delegates Chosen.

At a conference of the Republican leaders of this congressional district held Friday afternoon the following were finally agreed upon for Republican national delegates: James Scarlet, of Danville, and Fred Godcharles, of Milton; E. G. Sylvara, Laporte, and G. E. Rohrbach, of Sunbury, alternates, and Dr. D. J. Waller, of Bloomsburg, presidential elector.

Bankruptcy District Extended.

The bankruptcy district, in which H. A. M'Killip, Esq., is referee, has been enlarged to include Montour as well as Columbia county.

Does Your Heart Beat

Yes. 100,000 times each day. Does it send out good blood or bad blood? You know, for good blood is good health; bad blood, bad health. And you know precisely what to take for bad blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Doctors have endorsed it for 60 years.

One frequent cause of bad blood is a sluggish liver. This produces constipation. Poisonous substances are then absorbed into the blood. Keep the bowels open with Ayer's Pills.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

VOTE FOR

JERRY A. HESS, OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SUBJECT TO THE RULES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Primary Election, Saturday, April 11, between the hours of 2 o'clock and 8 p. m. Vote Early.

Because of my duties as county commissioner and my own business taking up all my time, it will be impossible for me to see all of the voters personally, although I would like very much to do so. I am very grateful for the support of the voters at my first election, and if they choose to support me again, I shall use my best efforts for the good of the county. Very Respectfully,

Jerry A. Hess.

ABOUT THE APRIL PRIMARY.

A very general misunderstanding exists as to the qualifications of voters at the spring primary to be held on April 11th. Many people think that a Democrat can vote for some Democrats and some Republicans, at that election, and many also think that a Republican can vote for any persons for nomination on the Democratic ticket and vice versa. The fact that the primary election is held under the law by the regular election board has led to this conclusion.

The uniform primaries law, approved February 17, 1906, provides that the county commissioners shall prepare and furnish to the election officers for use at the primaries, as many official ballots of each party as are equal to double the total number of votes cast for any candidate of said party within the election district at the last general election and the names of all the candidates for nomination by the Democratic party will be printed on one ballot and the names of all the candidates for nomination by the Republican party will be printed on another ballot. When a voter enters the polls he will be required to announce which ballot he desires to have and the election officers will furnish him with ballot of the party for which he asks. It will thus be seen that no voter can vote for some Republicans and some Democrats because he can only receive one ballot.

GUFFEY NOT COMMITTED.

Colonel James M. Guffey, leader of the Pennsylvania Democracy, has not declared in favor of the nomination of William Jennings Bryan for President, reports to the contrary notwithstanding, says a Pittsburg dispatch.

Colonel Guffey is in favor of an uninstructed delegation from Pennsylvania to the Denver convention He has kept in close touch with his Democratic friends all over the State and is confident that the sentiment of the Democrats of Pennsylvania is in favor of an uninstructed delegation.

"Pennsylvania will send an uninstructed delegation to the Denver convention," said Colonel Guffey when questioned regarding the reports that he had agreed to join the Bryan movement.

He does not believe that this surely Republican State should dictate or help to dictate the choice of the Denver convention, and while he does not pretend to say that a majority of the delegates from Pennsylvania will not ultimately support Bryan he is sure that the best policy is to refrain from a decision until the delegates reach Denver, where they may be guided by the situation as it may appear at that time. The Colonel thinks it more important that the Democrats win at the next November election than that any particular man shall be nominated.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CAUSES OF THE PANIC.

The labored efforts to deceive the public into the belief that commercial prosperity has been restored, is not meeting with success. The facts are too palpable. Traveling salesmen make a different report. They find business growing worse instead of better. Merchants in the country are afraid to buy with their customary freedom. They apprehend that the day of reckoning may find them with heavy stocks and low bank balances, and to employ the language of one of the "commercial tourists," they "order only what they have to have." Manufacturing establishments are idle because there is no demand for their products and the railroads have unemployed motive power because merchants and manufacturers are cautious.

In this respect this panic is as unusual in its continuance as in its beginning. Previous panics have had natural causes. Failure of crops has hitherto been the influencing reason for panics. With meagre reward for their labor farmers are unable to renew machinery and implements and industrial paralysis follows, for after all agriculture is the principal source of wealth in this country. But this panic came on the heels of a phenomenally abundant harvest. It broke into the midst of an extraordinary period of industrial activity. As Senator Bailey, of Texas, declared the other day in a speech, it may have been in part the result of over extension of bank credits or it may have been the too free use of the President's tongue. But it came and still remains.

It is probably right to strengthen credit by hopeful opinions but it is not right to deceive the public by misrepresenting the facts, and that is what a good many newspapers are doing. As a matter of fact the industrial life of the country is at a very low ebb and it may be predicted that it will continue to suffer as long as the people are burdened to feed a profligate government. The country is rich in products and almost illimitable in resources. But it is not rich enough to endure robbery of a billion dollars a year from its earnings. That is what it has been doing for nearly a dozen years and the panic is simply the sign of exhaustion. No matter what financial system is in operation such economic folly will bring commercial distress and the remedy is in change of policies.—*Watchman.*

C. E. Kreisher Esq. of Catawissa is a Republican candidate for the legislature.

EXCEPTIONALLY Attractive Styles

— IN —

WOMEN'S READY TO WEAR SUITS.

The Invitation to This Early Exposition of Tailor Made Suits Suggests no Obligation to Buy.

A great many women are buying as well as looking. They know the styles are correct.

We have more than fifty different models, expressing in seventy five different blendings of fabric, cut and trimming, the very latest ideas translated from Paris modes by the best designers in this country.

With the great variety of styles and the great variety of fabrics, it's going to be a Spring of becomingly suited women, that's sure.

Prices are very accommodating—$10.00, $12.00, $14.00, $15.00, $17.50, $18.00, $19.00, $20.00, $22.50, $25.00, $30.00, $32.00 and $35.00. Think what a variety that means.

SPRING STYLES FOR GIRLS.

This is a New Department in This Store.

Already there's an array of Suits in the very smartest spring models—the most stylish spring fabrics. The new semi-fitting Coat Suits, pretty and girlish; the dashing new Cutaways, with dip; the chic new Vested Suit—then the new Fabrics, what a variety. It's easy to imagine how charming these Spring Suits will look flitting along the streets or tripping away to school. Sizes 11 to 18 years. Prices range from $10.00 to $23.00.

Separate Skirts--New Styles.

Take a look at that rackful of the new Spring Walking Skirts. It is a delightful study of beautiful materials; lovely colorings, graceful styles. Panama, Serge and Voile are here; old friends, but with new faces. The stripes, the shadow stripes—the soft color effects are so pleasing. New ideas in trimming are worth seeing too. Be sure to see them. We price them $3 98 to $15.00.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY

(SECOND TERM.)

CHRISTIAN A. SMALL

OF BLOOMSBURG.

Your vote and influence respectfully solicited.

Before that cough turns into a serious throat or lung trouble, stop it with

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds

It has proved its real value during 75 years.
Ask your druggist for it.

EVANS' - SHOE - STORE.

The man who walks will find untold comfort in Evans' Spring Shoes. His feet won't grow tired—his shoes won't lose their shape. Mind energy is too valuable to waste in foot distress.

Buy Evans' Footwear.

PRICES $1.50 TO $6.00

ALL SIZES.

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1908

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Now is the time to plant sweet peas.

R. E. Hartman is now giving red star stamps.

The license of the Central Hotel has been transferred to Mrs. Kline.

Reimard Bros. have the contract for building an addition to the Sunbury Silk Mill.

Seed onions are now on sale, and many are preparing to plant them for an early crop.

An orchestra has been organized at the Magee Carpet Mills, under the leadership of Davis Brooks.

W. O. Holmes has entered the field as a Republican candidate for the office of county commissioner.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. McColium celebrated their golden wedding at the home in Espy on Tuesday last.

For headache Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

The Rev. W. E. Kunkel of Milton will preach in St. Paul's church next Tuesday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

Rev. Robert F. Gibson, rector of Trinity Church, Williamsport, will preach in St. Paul's church this evening at 7.30 o'clock.

By a decisive vote in congress it has been ordered that the motto "In God we Trust," shall be restored to all coins of the United States.

Papers have been filed in Harrisburg for George R. Styers of Berwick, as the Republican local option candidate for the legislature in this county.

A wreck occurred on the S. B. & B. R. R. at Eyers Grove Junction on Monday, by the spreading of rails, and a freight train was thrown from the track.

In a Pinch, use Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder for tired, aching, swollen feet. We have over 30,000 testimonials. All Druggists, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 3-5-4t

A petition was presented in court on Tuesday by W. C. Johnston, Esq., asking for three polling places in Briarcreek township. The matter was held under advisement.

F. L. Fous has purchased forty-one acres of land belonging to the estate of G. W. Corell deceased. The land is near Bloomsburg, on the opposite side of Fishing Creek. The consideration was $1500.

Two black bears were seen by Charles Miller on the river hill in the woods of Jacob Fetterolf last week Wednesday. A party started in search of them, but the bears are still at large.

H. H. Sheppard is the new superintendent of the Bloomsburg division of the D. L. & W. railroad. He entered upon his duties last Sunday. He has been stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

Though 125 men are at work on the court house at Wilkes-Barre, it is said that at present rate of progress it will take three years to complete the structure. The *Times-Leader* thinks that the cost may exceed $2,000,000.

Mrs. Susanna Kline, widow of Harman Kline, died at the home of her son near Jonestown, on Sunday night. She was the mother of James M. Kline who was buried last week. Her age was 82 years. The funeral was held yesterday.

Mrs. Mary E. Roadarmel died at the home of her son, Frank Roadarmel, on West Third street, aged 66 years. She had always lived in Bloomsburg, and was a member of the Methodist church. The funeral was held on Wednesday, Rev. H. C. Heckman officiating.

Application has been made by District Attorney Small for the revocation of the license of the Columbia Brewing Company. It is alleged that this company has sold to speak easies and other unlicensed places in West Berwick. The matter will be heard in court on the first Monday in April.

Miss Clara A. Vanderslice died last Saturday afternoon at the home of her brother, William P. Vanderslice, near Shaffer's bridge, after an illness of a week, from paralysis. Her age was 50 years. She was a member of the Lutheran church, and an earnest Sunday school worker. The funeral was held on Tuesday afternoon, Rev. J. E. Byers officiating.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 10,000 testimonials. *They never fail.* At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 3-5-4t.

Harry S. Wilson has moved into the Smith property on Scott town hill, and will open his new bakery this week. He will be prepared to serve his customers with everything in the bakery line, and all of the best. He has been running a wagon for some time and his products have been on sale at Mrs. Barratt's.

A meeting of delegates from Councils of the Royal Arcanum in this section will be held at Williamsport on Friday afternoon to organize "The Associate Councils of the Susquehanna River Valley." Representatives will be present from Lock Haven, Bellefonte, Jersey Shore, Muncy, Watsontown, Milton, Lewisburg, Sunbury, Bloomsburg and Berwick.

J. Lee Plummer has issued his Declaration of Independence. The State Machine gave him a nomination for State Treasurer, but it failed to elect him, and Mr. Plummer writes that he will take no more orders from the gang and will vote for no gang measures unless they are right, and he will oppose the re-election of Senator Penrose, Plummer writes very much like a reformer, but the reform of politicians of his style is usually superficial and soon wears off.

John Dunlap, a farmer living near Athens, Pa., has the body of a dead calf that is one of the strangest freaks ever seen in that section. The calf has four ears, but these are attached to a single head. There is but one neck, that extending to the centre of the breast. From there two chests are bound together, and attached to each of these is a separate body perfect in formation, with four legs and four feet. The two bodies are as symmetrical as those of an ordinary calf.

A hearing was given the Espy Hotel license case on Tuesday, which had been continued from regular license court. In support of the application Mr. Chrisman called W. G. Hagenbuch, Clinton Hartman, W. A. Snyder, W. A. Hess, Eli Senneidman and N. J. Englehart. The evidence of the three former witnesses was to the effect that the minors whom it was claimed had secured drink at the hotel had informed Mr. Gruver, the clerk, that they were over 21 years of age. The evidence of the three latter witnesses was to the effect that the prosecution was brought by Charles Schug because he had ill will toward Gruver, the clerk. The Court took the papers and will render a decision later.

County Commissioner.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the rules of the Democratic party. If elected I promise to perform my duties to the best interests of the entire people of the county.

C. E. WELLIVER.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Heavy Blow for Sunbury.

Nearly Seventy Railroaders Lose Positions and Will Likely Leave Town.

Following the laying off of about 45 men on the Lewistown division of the Pennsy last week nineteen men on the Sunbury division were laid off. The conditions existing on the Sunbury division are much the same as those at other points along the line. The contraction of business left the company with more men than necessary to handle the traffic, and a reduction in the force was necessary.

One by one the men who have lost their positions have called at the company offices and received the official statement that their services are no longer needed. Most of them are already seeking new positions. Some of them are considering the proposition to go to the west, where it is said that there is work to be obtained.

Many of the men discharged were property owners, and some of them were intending to build in the spring. It is estimated that nearly seventy men have lost their positions and that fifty families will be lost to Sunbury.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain.

SAMUEL McHENRY.

Having arrived at the ripe old age of eighty-eight years, Samuel McHenry passed away at his home in Rohrsburg, on Wednesday afternoon. He had been in good health, considering his age, until a week previously.

He spent most of his life farming in Greenwood township. He was a veteran of the civil war. Mr. McHenry was one of the oldest subscribers of this paper, having taken it in Col. Tate's time and earlier, when it was the *Columbia Democrat.*

He was a country gentleman of the old school, and a life long Democrat.

His wife and the following children survive him: McClellan Mc Henry, at Hazleton; Hervey, at Philadelphia, and Rose at home.

Funeral services will be held from his late home in Rohrsburg Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment will be made at Rohrsburg.

C. E. Welliver Announces for Commissioner.

Among the announcements this week is that of C. E. Welliver, of Bloomsburg, for County Commissioner, subject to the rules of the Democratic Party. Mr. Welliver was born and raised in this county, is a carpenter by trade and for several years worked at constructural bridge work, both lines of which would be of great benefit to any County Commissioner in the transaction of the business of that office. In the conduct of every business in which he engaged Mr. Welliver has always been successful, and being a life long Democrat he is fitted for the position to which he aspires.

—Bloomsburg Daily.

Turner Exhibit at High School.

The famous exhibit of the copies of most celebrated paintings of Ancient and Modern times will be displayed in the High School in Bloomsburg from Wednesday April 1st to Saturday April 4th.

At the evening entertainment a small admission fee of 10 cents will be charged. The net proceeds will be used to procure pictures to decorate the recitation rooms.

Our citizens had the privilege of attending a similar exhibit last year and every one who attended spoke in the highest praise.

Adam Tritt's Body Found.

The badly decomposed body of a man was found in the Chesapeake Bay at Turtle Point, on Saturday. It was identified by Superintendent Lutton of the York Bridge Company as that of Adam Tritt, one of the victims of the bridge disaster. The identification was made by a receipt for a money order found in the pocket. The body was so badly decomposed that it was necessary to bury it there.

Hon. William Chrisman.

The name of William Chrisman is announced in this issue as a candidate for the legislature. Mr. Chrisman is well known in this county, having already served the public in the office of District Attorney, and represented the county in the legislature for two terms. He has legal ability and legislative experience, and he asks the Democratic voters for their support at the primary election on April 11th.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Dead Languages a Waste of Time, Says College Head.

Time is Coming, He Adds, When Up-to-Date Institutions Will be Ashamed to Teach Them.

"The study of Greek and Latin in colleges and high schools is a waste of time. They are absolutely worthless, and the time will come and will come soon, when a respectable, up-to-date institution will be ashamed to have them in their list of studies." This was the statement of President G. Stanley Hall, of Clark University.

"I consider them worse than useless," he continued. "They use time that could be so advantageously used in other ways. The trouble is, Greek and Latin are dead, terribly dead. They are not even ghosts of ghosts or shadows of shadows, and the time spent in their mastery might better be spent in something of more use. It is true that 60 per cent. of the pupils in the high schools take these studies, but it is only because they are planning to be teachers, and that profession is already overcrowded.

"There are two theories in regard to the study of these languages—one that it is necessary to true culture and the other that the mental training is beneficial and helpful in mastering modern languages, but both of these, according to my belief, are false theories."

There is a great deal of truth in Dr. Hall's statement. If a young man wants a purely ornamental education it is well enough for him to have a smattering of Greek and Latin, just enough so that he can say he has studied them. If he intends to enter one of the learned professions, as a teacher, a clergyman, or a lawyer, a knowledge of these ancient languages is quite necessary. Otherwise, his time may be much more profitably spent in studying branches that will be of practical use to him in his life work.

Thirty years ago there were very few if any colleges that granted the degree of Bachelor of Arts except to those who had pursued a certain prescribed course, including the dead languages. Today there are many, which, under the elective system of studies, grant that degree without asking the student whether he knows even the Greek alphabet.

A knowledge of these languages is certainly desirable and beneficial to the man of liberal education, but the development of other lines of study has been so rapid within the past few years that time can be spent to much better advantage on branches of more direct practical benefit and usefulness.

Two Murderers Hanged.

Charles Warzel, murderer of Mattie Bolinsky, his sweetheart, was hanged at Pottsville last Thursday, on the same gallows that six of the Mollie Maguires expiated their crimes over 30 years ago. The condemned man bore up well until he stood on the scaffold. There he burst into tears and declared that he had not slain the girl for money, but that he had always loved her. As soon as he made this declaration he swooned and fell. Without waiting for him to recover consciousness the Sheriff's deputies raised him to an upright position, placed the noose about his neck and let the trap fall.

As the man had steadfastly declared that he had no recollection of the crime, and had put in a defense of insanity, his brain was sent to Philadelphia for examination.

MURDERER WARNS YOUNG MEN.

"Please, for me, sound a warning to all young men to shun, as though hell, bad women and whisky."

These were the last words of Morris B. Holmes, 25 years old, who was hanged at Pittsburg on the same day for the murder of Nancy Miller, his sweetheart. He entrusted his warning to Rev. Charles Miller, who accompanied him to the gallows. Holmes maintained to the last that he had no recollection of the murder.

Receiver Appointed.

A bill in equity was filed in court on Tuesday, asking for the appointment of a receiver for the Pennsylvania Paper Company at Catawissa. Otto Hartman, one of the employees, is the plaintiff. The trouble arose from the non-payment of wages, it being alleged that there is due the sum of $6000 for wages for the past two months. An injunction was granted, and L. C. Mensch appointed receiver.

JERSEYS

Combination and Golden Lad

FOR SALE—2 Cows, 3 Heifers and 12 Bulls.

S. E. NIVIN, Landenburg, Pa.

3-23-1y*

SEPARATE DRESS SKIRTS.

We are now offering some of the BEST VALUES we have ever shown in these, and in the newest effects. If you have a Skirt need it will pay you to see them.

A Regular $5.00 Panama Skirt	now $4.00
A Regular $8.50 Chiffon Panama	now $7.00
A 36 in. Black Moneybak Taffeta Silk at this week, regular $1.95 yd.	$1.75 yd
40 in. all wool Taffeta Dress Goods	1.00 yd
52 in. all wool Broadcloths	1.00 yd
90 in. linen finished bleached Sheeting	35c yd
Ladies' Fine Gauze Hose. Special	25c pr
New 14c Spring Dress Ginghams	12½c yd
A good full size Counterpane	$1.00 each
A fine satin Marsailles Counterpane	2.25 each
Black Silk Nets for Waists	$1.00 yd
Homespun Towels, Special	2 for 25c
Nemo Corsets, self reducing	$3.00

NEW BELTS AND BELTINGS.

THE CLARK STORE

BIG OFFER

To All Our Subscribers

The Great

AMERICAN FARMER

Indianapolis, Indiana.

The Leading Agricultural Journal of the Nation. Edited by an Able Corps of Writers.

The American Farmer is the only Literary Farm Journal published. It fills a position of its own and has taken the leading place in the homes of rural people in every section of the United States. It gives the farmer and his family something to think about aside from the humdrum of routine duties.

Every Issue Contains an Original Poem by SOLON GOODE

WE MAKE THE EXCEPTIONAL OFFER OF

Two for the Price of One: THE COLUMBIAN

The Oldest County Paper and THE AMERICAN FARMER

BOTH ONE YEAR FOR $1.00

This unparalleled offer is made to all new subscribers, and all old ones who pay all arrears and renew within thirty days. Sample copies free. Address:

THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

BULLDOG
SUSPENDERS
WILL OUTWEAR THREE OF THE ORDINARY KIND
More elastic, non-rusting parts
Absolutely unbreakable leather
Guaranteed best 50c suspender made
Can be had in light or heavy weight for man or youth, extra length same price.
SUITABLE FOR ALL CLASSES
If your dealer won't supply you we will, postpaid, for 50 cents.
Send for valuable free booklet, "Correct Dress & Suspender Styles."
HEWES & POTTER
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The first of April is drawing near and there are still many subscribers on our list who have made no arrangement for having their paper continued after that date. The policy of the publisher has always been to treat everyone fairly and courteously so if it don't suit those who are in arrears to pay all of the bill in cash at this time some satisfactory arrangement can be made. Come in, or write, do the best you can if your subscription is more than a year back and we feel sure some adjustment can be made that will insure you the paper as well as comply with the ruling of the Post-office Department.

Large strings of suckers have recently been caught by Bloomsburg fishermen.

There is no special season fixed by law for the catching of "suckers" in this town. They have been caught by day and by night, and even on Sundays, with any old thing as a bait, or with scarcely any bait at all. But just now the particular species of "suckers" to which we refer is not biting so vigorously. The season for them is about closed, and the fishermen whose bait has been so voraciously swallowed will now have to hunt another pond or go out of the business.

CURRENCY BILL MODIFIED

Chairman Aldrich Eliminates The Railroad Bond Clause.

CONGRESS SURPRISED

Bitter Attack on the Measure by Senator La Follette—Charges that it is the Legislation Most Desired by a Small Clique which Dominates Finances of Country.

Washington, March 19.—Congress was electrified by the sudden elimination of the railroad bond feature from the Aldrich Currency bill, and later by a bitter attack on the measure by Senator La Follette, in which he charged that it was the legislation most desired by the comparatively small clique which has succeeded in dominating the finances of the country. The business of the Nation, he declared, has gradually been centralized until it is directed by the men who control the New York banks, and these men number less than one hundred.

Aldrich's renunciation of the clause of his measure admitting railroad bonds as a basis for the issuance of emergency currency occasioned astonishment. This renunciation was made in committee before the Senate met. Other minor concessions were made, but the railroad bond feature overshadowed everything else. At first it was believed that the action was taken to embarrass La Follette, whose address was understood to be leveled principally at this phase of the measure.

SENATOR LA FOLLETTE.

He declared that the trouble originated through the centralization of business in the hands of a few men. These men, he charged later, had plotted to bring about the recent panic to satisfy business, legislative and political grudges, and to advance their own selfish interests.

"I have here a list of about 100 men," he said, waving a paper at the Senate, "who control the industrial, financial, and commercial life of the American people. In the grasp of these 100 men is the destiny of the Republic. The country does not seem to realize how closely allied are the great banking houses of the money centre to this centralization."

Admiral Evans to Retire

Washington, March 19.—Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, commander in chief of the battle ship fleet, will relinquish command after completing the 13,772 mile cruise to San Francisco. Immediately after the review by Secretary Metcalf on May 9 he will turn the fleet over to Rear Admiral Charles M. Thomas, now commanding the second squadron, who will remain in command until July 6, when Rear Admiral Charles S. Sperry will take the battleships on their 23,000 mile cruise by way of Australia, the Philippines and Suez.

Walker Fights Extradition.

San Diego, Cal., March 18.—William F. Walker, accused of embezzling over $600,000 from the New Britain Trust Company, is being held in the Ensenada Cuartel, pending a decision from the Mexican Secretary of Foreign Relations, to whom the judgment of the Ensenada court in reference to the extradition proceedings has been appealed. Walker's attorney argued that one of the provisions of the treaty between the United States and Mexico had been violated in that the papers were not delivered in Ensenada within forty days after the arrest.

Priest Arms for His Foes.

Newark, March 18.—To be prepared to defend himself against members of the "Black Hand," who have been making threats on his life, the Rev. Father Zucarelli, pastor of St. Rocco's Italian Catholic Church, received from the police a permit to carry a revolver. The priest has been assisting the police in trying to ferret out the "Black Hand," which is causing a reign of terror in the "Hill" section of the city. For a long time he ignored threats conveyed to him in letters, but they have become so numerous that he was induced to arm himself for an emergency.

FIVE YEARS FOR WALSH.

United States District Court Denies Banker's Plea for New Trial.

Chicago, Ill., March 19.—John R. Walsh, formerly president of the Chicago National Bank, and a few years ago looked upon as one of the most successful financiers, was denied a new trial on conviction of the illegal use of the funds of the bank, and sentenced to five years in the Federal Penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.

Following the sentence application was made to Judge Grosscup, of the United States Court of Appeals, for a supersedeas, which was granted, and Walsh was released on $50,000 bail pending the hearing of his appeal. Attorneys for the defense entered a motion in arrest of judgment and argued a half hour, after which Judge Anderson promptly overruled the motion and passed sentence.

Air Cures Meningitis.

Newark, N. J., March 18.—Two cures of cerebro-spinal meningitis by the fresh-air treatment, are reported by the Newark City Hospital. One of the patients, George Schwartz, 7 years old, has been discharged, while the other, James Bromley, 6 years old, is still at the hospital, pending treatment for paralysis. The Schwartz boy was admitted to the hospital Jan. 9, while the Bromley boy went there six days before. In both cases the disease was in an advanced state.

In Deference to Japan.

Washington, March 18.—The House Sub-Committee on Fortifications has reported to the full committee the Fortification Appropriation bill with the estimates of the War Department cut down from $38,443,945 to $8,210,611 on account of the desire of the committee to avoid giving ground for the impression that America is preparing for war with Japan.

Fusion Between Hearst and Watson.

Washington, March 19.—A fusion of the old Populist and new Independent parties, the one headed by Thomas E. Watson of Georgia, and the other by William R. Hearst of New York, Democratic Congressmen from the West and South learn will be actually effected before many weeks elapse, and the fusion ticket probably will be Hearst and Watson.

Lincoln's Operator Killed.

Philadelphia, March 17.—Em-Dewitt Fuller of Hancock, who, it is said was private telegraph operator for President Lincoln during the civil war, was killed on the Erie tracks at Narrowsburg. Mr. Fuller was about seventy years old and was employed by the Erie as a telegraph repair man. He was riding his track velocipede when he was struck by a passenger train.

Panama Canal Praised.

London, March 17.—An English view of the Panama Canal and other American institutions is given in an interview by Sir John Rodger, Governor of the Gold Coast, who inspected the work in progress in connection with the Panama Canal. Sir John was greatly impressed with the excellence of the engineering and sanitation works on the isthmus.

Mint Resumes Moneymaking.

Philadelphia, March 16.—Employes of the United States Mint who had been laid off are again at work, and a full force of 550 persons is employed. Orders came from Washington for immediate coinage of $10,000,000 more in twenty-dollar gold coins. There will also be more coinage of silver and copper.

Fire Smolders for a Year.

New Brunswick, N. J., March 17.—It has been discovered that the ruins of the Janeway and Carpender wall paper factory, destroyed by fire on March 13, 1907, are still burning. A great mass of paper was buried in the debris when the building collapsed and at various times during the year flames have shot up from the site.

Made $25,000 With $75.

Hempstead, L. I., March 18.—George Howard, Superintendent and General Manager of the Rockaway Hunt Club grounds and property, has refused an offer of $25,000 for seventy-five acres of meadowland on Jamaica Bay. He asks $35,000 for the tract which cost him $75 two years ago at a tax sale at Mineola.

Puts "In God We Trust" Back.

Washington, March 18.—Under suspension of the rules the House of Representatives has passed the bill providing for the restoration of the motto, "In God We Trust," on gold and silver coins by the United States. The bill was passed by a vote of 255 to 5.

Lone Robber Holds Up Train.

Butte, Mont., March 17.—The Great Northern Limited was held up near Bonners Ferry, Idaho, by a highwayman. Both mail clerks were bound while the mail car was rifled. No attempt was made to blow the safe.

Two Dead of Hydrophobia.

Baltimore, March 17.—Jacob Sagovitch aged nine, and Frank Bowles, aged ten, have died at the Pasteur Institute of the City Hospital of hydrophobia. The two boys were bitten by a collie on Feb. 11.

FLEET AT MAGDALENA BAY

Ships are in Fine Condition and Ready for Anything.

AN IDEAL ANCHORAGE

Target Practice Has All Hands Keyed to a High Degree of Excitement—Large Sums are Wagered—Rival Crews Back Their Knowledge of Their Own Skill.

Magdalena Bay, Lower California, March 19.—Trim and white as the day they left Hampton Roads for their 13,000 mile voyage through two oceans, the sixteen big war dogs of Rear Admiral Evans' battle ship fleet are lying off this town, the line extending far to the southward and the bulky Connecticut, the flagship, swinging idly at her anchor but a stone's throw from the little wooden wharf. The men are anxiously awaiting the call that will send them out to the target grounds for an assault on the records for gunnery. Thousands of dollars will change hands on the result of the firing, and the "man behind the gun" is keyed up to a high pitch of excitement.

News that the warships are going to return to the Atlantic seaboard by way of the Pacific and the Suez Canal has been made public on the ships, and though there had been a feeling during the whole cruise from Hampton Roads that such would be the case the official announcement was received with cheers. But before this the men look forward with the keenest anticipation to their stops at the California coast cities, closing with their big review at San Francisco and entertainment by the city of which they have heard great things.

The harbors of Rio Janeiro, Brazil and Sydney, Australia, pale before the great circular basin, seventeen miles long and twelve miles wide, where the ships now lie. "Bahia de Magdelena," as the Mexicans have it, covers an area of one hundred square miles, large enough to include Manhattan and Staten Islands and the mouths of the North and East Rivers. The anchorage of the fleet is called "Man of War Cove," while the target practice will be at Sail Rock, just inside Entrada Point.

Three baseball diamonds have been laid out for the men. The bathing, shooting and fishing are excellent, and the officers look forward to a pleasant time while the fleet stays here.

Farmers in Potato Trust.

Riverhead, L. I., March 17.—Active work now is under way for the organization of a potato trust among the farmers of Suffolk county.

For years the potato growers here have complained that they were not receiving true market prices for their potatoes. The growers held a meeting in the Court House here several days ago, at which speakers pointed out that the reason for the low prices received for the vegetables was the farmers were not kept informed of the best markets, and that the shipping of the crops to one or two places caused the market to become glutted. It was estimated that in this county 5,000,000 bushels of potatoes were raised annually.

The farmers have decided to open a central office at which the prices prevailing in the various markets will be received. All shipments will be made through the association, and the crops will be shipped from one consignee to one consignor, thus enabling the farmer to obtain the lowest freight rates.

Mystery of Japanese Fleet.

Washington, March 17.—The Japanese Embassy here is without advices from the Home Government regarding the reported sailing from Formosa of the First Japanese Naval Squadron on secret service. While Baron Takahira, the Japanese Ambassador disclaimed any knowledge concerning the reported naval movement, he said it had no bearing on the Tatsu Maru incident.

The Ambassador called attention to the published accounts of the planned manoeuvres of the Japanese First Naval Squadron, which appeared two months ago. He indicated that no political significance attached to the movement of the ships.

Battle Ships to Circle Globe.

Washington, March 16.—President Roosevelt has decided on a homeward bound cruise of the battleship fleet that in its extent and magnificence staggers the imagination. Eighteen ships will leave San Francisco on July 6 for a voyage which will include Hawaii, Samoa, various ports in Australia and the Philippine Islands, after which they will by easy stages reach the Red Sea, pass through the Suez Canal and the Mediterranean, and after making a stop at Gibraltar arrive home just about a year from the time they steamed from Hampton Roads, December 16, 1907.

Ten Years for Stoessel.

St. Petersburg, March 19.—The Emperor has confirmed the sentence passed upon Lieut. Gen. Stoessel and accepted the court's recommendation for commutation of the death sentence to ten years' imprisonment in a fortress. The former commander of Port Arthur ineffectually petitioned for a full pardon.

AMENDS RACING BILL.

Senate Committee Would Make Anti-Gambling Bill Effective Sept. 1.

Albany, March 19.—The Senate Codes Committee by a vote of 4 to 3, decided to amend the Agnew-Hart bill, which makes pool selling at race tracks as elsewhere a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment, so as to render it operative September 1, instead of immediately after the bill has passed.

This would permit race track gambling to be carried on along the old lines practically during the entire racing season now approaching. The Governor will not accept the proposed amendment. Both friends and opponents of the measure believe that the Legislature will be called to meet in extraordinary session to take up the proposed reforms, unless laws meeting the Governor's recommendations are passed at the regular session.

Actor Hitchcock Set Free.

New York, March 18.—The trial of Raymond Hitchcock, the comedian, who was accused by several young girls, came to an abrupt end when Assistant District Attorney Garvan asked Justice Blanchard in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, to dismiss the indictment against the actor, and direct a verdict of not guilty. In accordance with Justice Blanchard's instructions the jury found that verdict, and Hitchcock left court with his lawyers.

The sudden and somewwhat sensational end of the actor's trial came after Flora Whiston, one of the accusing girls and the prosecutor's chief witness, recanted the story she had told the Grand Jury and testified that Hitchcock had not harmed her. After the actor's discharge the girl was arrested on a charge of perjury, and Justice Blanchard commended the whole case to the careful attention of the District Attorney.

Eloping Rector, Now Painter.

San Francisco, March 17.—Jere Knode Cooke, the unfrocked pastor of St. George's Church at Hempstead, L. I., and Floretta Whaley, the girl with whom he eloped, are with their child in new quarters in San Francisco. Hurriedly packing their few belongings when their last retreat was discovered, they have found a few rooms in a secluded district. There, under the name of "Balcolm," they are eking out a meagre existence. It was for her child's sake that Floretta a few days ago telegraphed her grandmother at Hempstead for money. But the plea was unheeded. In the meantime Cooke is working at his trade of painter and decorator.

Wage War Upon Stock Gambling.

Washington, March 16.—President Roosevelt is preparing to wage relentless war upon stock gambling and all forms of trading upon margins or dealing in futures. He began laying in a supply of ammunition for this purpose to-day by instructing Herbert Knox Smith, chief of the Bureau of Corporations, to conduct an exhaustive and comprehensive investigation and ascertain to what extent this form of gambling may be controlled by the Federal Government.

For a Saturday Sabbath.

Albany, March 16.—Nearly 300 Hebrews representing that race in various parts of the State, attended the hearing before the Assembly Codes Committee on the Strauss bill, designed to permit those who observe the Sabbath on Saturdays to conduct their business on Sunday, as long as they do not interfere with the religious observances of other faiths. A delegation of labor representatives was among those who opposed the bill. No action was taken.

Not Human Bones.

Middletown, N. Y., March 18.—The general belief that Daniel Kelaher, a wealthy farmer of Montgomery, was murdered and that his body was burned to ashes in the destruction of his home, was changed after Coroner H. T. Christ and Dr. D. B. Hardenbergh made an examinaion of the bones Dr. Hardenbergh is positive the bones are not human but those of an animal.

Allo Tries to Escape.

Denver, Col., March 17.—Giuseppe Allo, the condemned murderer of Father Leo Heinrichs, slashed the neck of a trusty who was cleaning his cell and tried to escape. The trusty sprang after him and he was quickly overpowered with the help of Deputy Warden Carpen. The trusty has a wound two and a half inches long on his neck, but will recover.

Roosevelts to Visit London.

London, March 17.—A persistent rumor that President and Mrs. Roosevelt will visit England next year is current in American circles here. It is said that he will stay six months in London with his family and will study the organization of the navy and the management of the dock yards.

Packers' Fines Affirmed.

Washington, March 18.—The fines of $15,000 each against the Armour Packing Company, Swift & Co., Morris & Co., and the Cudahy Packing Company, all operating in Kansas City, Kan., for receiving rebates contrary to the provisions of the Elkins act, have been affirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

One thousand dollars in bills formed part of a squirrel's comfortable nest which Edward A. Prevean found in a tree he cut down on his farm in West Thompson, Conn.

Senator William Pinkney Whyte, of Maryland, the oldest man in Congress, died in his eighty-fourth year.

The will of James Oliver, wealthy plow manufacturer, offered for probate, disposed of an estate of $60,000,000.

The Rev. Charles F. Aked said there was need for a Bible in modern language instead of that of three centuries ago.

A jury at White Plains, N. Y., awarded a verdict of $13,500 to Miss Maud L. Case, against the New York Central Railroad for injuries received in the wreck of the Brewster express near Williamsbridge, Feb. 16, 1907.

Grover Cleveland, his wife and a nurse arrived at Lakewood, N. J., and on Wednesday, the one time President will celebrate the seventy-first anniversary of his birth.

After thirty years of blindness, Miss Alice Hollis of Port Huron, Mich., has had her sight restored by an operation in Weisbaden, Germany.

Judge O. W. Buchanan, of Winnsboro, S. C., was shot and seriously wounded while on a railroad train enroute to Augusta, Ga.

Senator Tillman declared his republican colleagues were cowardly and servile in submitting to orders from the White House.

Slot stamp machines have been installed on trial in the General Post Office at New York City.

Senators who are in charge of the bill to increase the compensation paid to steamships for the transportation of mail and to aid in the building up of the merchant marine are confident that it will pass the Senate by a large vote.

Led by two bloodhounds, residents of Rumson, N. J., riding in automobiles, pursued an alleged incendiary to Seabright.

Friends of Gov. Johnson of Minnesota, are considering the opening of headquarters in Washington, Chicago and New York, to push his candidacy for the Democratic Presidential nomination.

Lieutenant Gherardi, sent in charge of a naval expedition in search of Frederick Jeffs an American sailor marooned on one of the Galapagos Islands, reported that a signal pole and a rusty razor were the only traces discovered of the missing man.

President Roosevelt sent a message to the Senate recommending a law to permit negro soldiers discharged as a result of the Brownesville raid to re-enlist on proof of innocence.

Mrs. Sarah C. Weed shot and killed Miss Elizabeth Hardee, her chum and partner, in a fashionable girls' school, at Boston, Mass., and then committed suicide.

Preparations for the annual convention of the mine workers of America, at Indianapolis, were made and a strike of 350,000 men is threatened.

Commander A. L. Key told the Senate Naval Committee the obsolete type of gun hoists still in use have cost fifteen lives needlessly.

While dreaming of burglars, a Government clerk in Washington, shot and killed his wife.

FOREIGN.

Sir John Rodger, Governor of the Gold Coast, who has just returned to England after a three months' tour in the United States, says he was greatly impressed with the system of industrial education for negroes and Indians in America.

A despatch from Berlin says the Emperor sent warm personal congratulations to President Roosevelt on the arrival of the fleet at Magdalena Bay ahead of schedule time.

The St. Petersburg Slovo says that the return of the American fleet as announced is as sensational as its departure for the Pacific.

The spectators at the cycle races at the Galerie des Machine in Paris, enraged over the decision of the umpires, wrecked and set fire to the grand stands.

A police crusade has been started in Hong Kong, China, to clear out disorderly houses kept by Americans.

Australians heartily cheered Premier Deakin's announcement that the American battle ship fleet will visit Sydney and Melbourne.

Japan is considering a proposition to lease her railways to a foreign syndicate.

Prince Kuni, special envoy of the Emperor of Japan, has arrived in Madrid, to confer on Queen Victoria a decoration granted by the Mikado.

SUSPECTS IN HAYTI SHOT.

The Situation is Grave and May Lead to Many Complications.

Port au Prince, Hayti, Mar. 19.—A reign of terror has suddenly been inaugurated here. Horace Coicou, Pierre Louis Coicou and Maillon Coicou, brothers, the first an artist, the second a pharmacist and the third an author of high standing; Felix Salnave, a well known resident of Port-au-Prince; General Alluption Casimir Merove and M. Merove's son; Dr. La Mothe, Paul St. Fort and two others not so well known, MM. Roche and Benjamin, were taken out of their houses and summarily shot near the cemetery.

The greatest excitement prevails here. Foreigners are terrorized and are waiting for a war ship. Many refugees are in the German and French legations. The streets are almost deserted, only officials and officers daring to go out.

The French cruiser D'Estrees has been hurriedly ordered to Gonaives, where it is feared that an attack on the consulate and a seizure of the refugees is imminent, from Santiago de Cuba and the British cruiser Indefatigable has been ordered to steam for this port

A German warship has been hurriedly demanded by the German minister. The situation becomes graver every moment. The wildest reports are in circulation, and the presence of an American warship here is regarded as indispensible.

The men were dragged out of their beds and had no time to dress. Besides those already mentioned, A. Gallette was shot and his wife was taken to jail in irons.

FOUND GUILTY OF GRAFT.

Maximum Punishment is Two Years' Imprisonment and $1,000 Fine.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 19.—The jury in the first of the Capitol conspiracy cases to be tried gave a verdict of guilty after six hours deliberation as to every one of the four men who have been on trial here for the last seven weeks.

The men found guilty are John Sanderson, contractor; William P. Snyder, ex-Attorney General; W. L. Mathues, ex-State Treasurer, and James M. Shumaker, ex-Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds. Motions for new trials were made in each case.

The maximum penalties for each defendant in this case are two years' imprisonment and $1,000 fine. The four men were convicted of defrauding the State.

May Stop Anarchist Paper.

Paterson, N. J., March 17.—As a result of a recent article in La Questione Sociale, the Anarchistic paper published in this city, steps may be taken to suppress the publication, although at the present time Prosecutor Emley, who has been investigating the article, can find no law that will warrant the authorities in taking the initiative to wipe out the sheet, which circulates through every State in the Union.

The article in question appeared before the murder of Father Leo in Denver three weeks ago and said that every believer in anarchy should arm himself, and suggested breaking into armories and seizing the rifles and ammuition.

China and Japan Agree.

Tokio, March 17.—A satisfactory settlement of the Tatsu Maru affair has been announced. China has conceded all the Japanese demands. She will purchase the arms and ammunition on board the Tatsu Maru and will hoist the Japanese flag over the vessel. While the flag is re-hoisting a Chinese war vessel will fire a salute. There is a general feeling of relief in consequence of the settlement of the incident.

No Special Message.

Washington, D. C., March 19.—The report that the President is about to send a special message to Congress urging upon its attention certain matters of necessary legislation recommended by the Civic Federation meets with a positive denial at the White House.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT—No. 2, Red, 98⅝@$1.00⅞.
No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.13¼.
CORN—No. 2, 66@73c.
OATS—Mixed, white 57c.
MILK—3½c per quart.
BUTTER—Western firsts, 26½@27½c. State Dairy 24c.
CHEESE—State, full cream, 15½@15¾c.
EGGS—State and nearby, fancy, 24@26c.; do., good to choice 24@25c.; western firsts 21½c.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 7@9c.
CALVES—City Dressed, 8½@13⅞c. per lb.; country dressed 8@12½c. per lb.
SHEEP—Per 100 lb., $4.00@$5.00.
HOGS—Live per 100 lbs. $4.90.
HAY—Prime per 100 lbs., $1.05.
STRAW—Long rye, 65@70c.
LIVE POULTRY—Chickens per lb., 12@14c.; Turkeys, per lb., 15c.; Ducks per lb., 15c; Fowls per lb., 14c.
DRESSED POULTRY—Turkeys per lb., 12@18c.; Fowls per lb., 13½c.; Chickens, Phila., per lb., 25@28c.
ONIONS—White, per bbl., $5.00@$6.00.
VEGETABLES—Potatoes, L. I., per bbl., $2.50@$2.75.

LIGHTNING'S DANGERS

Facts Regarding Storms With Electric Discharges.

SPOTS ONE SHOULD SHUN

Danger in an Umbrella—Fatal Accidents Few—Ancient Superstitions Dying Out—Committee of British Scientists Investigate Bolts From Heaven.

The ancient Romans avoided places struck by lightning; the houses, if damaged, were pulled down or fenced in, so that no one could use the building on which the gods had set the mark of their displeasure. This feeling was probably deepened by the fact that certain localities are visited by thunder storms more than others, the wrath of Jove descending in white flame time and again in the same spot. And it was the same superstition, lingering among Christians in a slightly different form, which made it so difficult for Benjamin Franklin to introduce the lightning rod. For the pious Americans of that day declared that "it was as impious to erect rods to ward off Heaven's lightning as for a child to ward off the chastening rod of its father."

Although many of the ancient superstitions are dying out, the fears of these fiery bolts from heaven is still deeply implanted in the human heart. Men and women of high courage will become greatly agitated during a violent thunder storm. An entire community will be stirred to its depth through a death by lightning. The current of Martin Luther's life was entirely changed by one of his dearest friends meeting with this awful end. For these reasons, and because the danger is a very real one, the views and theories of Killingworth Hedges, secretary of the Lightning Research Committee of the Royal Institution of British Architects, are of interest and value.

To begin with, it is encouraging to learn that, though there were many injuries and marvelous escapes, there were only two fatal accidents among the 500 cases of buildings struck which were sent in to the Lightning Research Committee. Certain positions, however, seem to be much more dangerous than others during a storm, and the following suggestions are worthy of careful consideration: Keep as far away as possible from an open fireplace, for, if the chimney is struck the grate and surroundings will almost invariably be blown out into the room. Do not sit in a greenhouse or conservatory or take refuge in a barn or alongside of a haystack. The popular idea that glass attracts lighting is absurd; in fact, if one does not mind the glare of the lightning, there is no evidence to show that it is unsafe to approach a window.

Fatal accidents generally occur when people take shelter outside a building. A wet wall often conducts some of the electricity, and a person standing near it provides a good path to earth. Especial care should be taken to avoid the proximity of a lightning conductor, and, as any pipes descending from the roof may act as conductors, keep as far away from them as possible. It is well known that trees are most dangerous, and Killingworth Hedges points out that there is great danger of being struck if one is anywhere under the boughs as lightning striking a tree disperses like rain through all its branches, with, perhaps, fatal results to persons or animals in the area below. Trees act, to a certain extent, as lightning rods, so that one is fairly safe in their neighborhood, if not directly beneath their branches. When on a treeless plain it is wisest to lie down during the height of a storm.

Under no circumstances when exposed to a violent storm, should one hold up an umbrella or lead a bicycle. It is not that the lightning is directly attracted by such objects; but a flash on its way to earth gives out innumerable smaller discharges, so that to be near any object containing metal, which may be selected as offering the best path, is, to say the least, unwise. One must also remember that a shock which might only cause minor injuries if one's clothes were dry may prove fatal to a person who has been for some time out in the rain. In conclusion it may be observed that the report of the Lightning Research Committee represents not only the results of its own investigations, but also includes the independent opinion of various experts and high authorities on the Continent, including that of the members of the famous Electrotechnische Verein, of Berlin.

Happy Kaffir Children.

As any one who is acquainted with them will know, Kaffir children lead an extremely happy life. Their appearance in the world being desired and brought about under the most sane and sanitary conditions, they seem to suffer but little from ill health. Their cheerfulness is amazing.

Science at School.

The education of our young in science at school is another hope of the future of our race, for the seed is more readily sown, and has a better chance of bringing forth much goodly intellectual fruit when it falls on the fertile mental field of youth than when it finds before it an older sort, already much occupied with worldly affairs.—Illustrated London News.

Bad Symptoms.

The woman who has periodical headaches, backache, sees imaginary dark spots or specks floating or dancing before her eyes, has gnawing distress or heavy full feeling in stomach, faint spells, dragging-down feeling in lower abdominal or pelvic region, easily startled or excited, irregular or painful periods, with or without pelvic catarrh, is suffering from weaknesses and derangements that should have early attention. Not all of above symptoms are likely to be present in any case at one time.

Neglected or badly treated and such cases often run into maladies which demand the surgeon's knife if they do not result fatally.

No medicine extant has such a long and numerous record of cures in such cases as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. No medicine has such a strong professional indorsement of each of its several ingredients—worth more than any number of ordinary nonprofessional testimonials. The very best ingredients known to medical science for the cure of woman's peculiar ailments enter into its composition. No alcohol, harmful, or habit-forming drug is to be found in the list of its ingredients printed on each bottle-wrapper and attested under oath.

In any condition of the female system, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription can do only good—never harm. Its whole effect is to strengthen, invigorate and regulate the whole female system and especially the pelvic organs. When these are deranged in function or affected by disease, the stomach and other organs of digestion become sympathetically deranged, the nerves are weakened, and a long list of bad, unpleasant symptoms follow. Too much must not be expected of this "Favorite Prescription." It will not perform miracles; will not cure tumors—no medicine will. It *will* often *prevent* them, if taken in time, and thus the operating table and the surgeon's knife may be avoided.

Women suffering from diseases of long standing, are invited to consult Doctor Pierce by letter, *free*. All correspondence is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser (1000 pages) is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps for paper-covered, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy. Address as above.

BRUSH AND COMB KEPT CLEAN.

Washing Toilet Articles So They Will Be Free From Germs.

No woman can look her best, unless her hair, skin and hands are properly cared for, and to accomplish this the best of combs and brushes, &c., are required. In addition to good quality in these articles, they must be kept in the best of condition or the result will be unsatisfactory. For instance, a hair brush should be cleaned—that is, washed—once a week, yet frequent cleansing is more the exception than the rule.

For washing brushes there are specially prepared powders that cleanse the bristles, but I regard them as a luxury and not a necessity. Quite as good results are obtained by filling a basin half full of hot water, making this strong with ammonia, then putting the brush—that is, the bristles—down into the bath and lifting it out quickly half a dozen times, taking care to keep the handle dry. The first plunge loosens the dust and those after bring it out. In three seconds the brush should be clean and very cold water should then be run through the bristles to rinse and stiffen them. Soap should never be rubbed on a brush.

In drying, the brush should be stood on end, that the water may run off quickly.

Combs should be cleaned in the same manner, and side combs need it also.

Always, after using a tooth brush, it should be held under a hot water faucet to rinse thoroughly, and once a day it ought to be plunged into strong ammonia water to purify, thus cleansing it of germs.

The nonchalant manner in which women otherwise particular will wipe their faces with a soiled powder puff or pad is amazing.

A puff should not be used on the face, for a bit of chamois skin or a lamb's wool pad will distribute the powder quite evenly, and at the same time may be kept perfectly clean.

As to wash cloths, a soiled one is even more positive in its deleterious effects, because it sends moisture into the skin. No cloth should be used longer than a week, and then must be put into the laundry, washed and boiled, before drying in the open air.

Sponges should never be used except for the bath, and are the most unsanitary toilet article countenanced. Their capacity for holding impurities is endless. If used, however, they must be plunged into strong ammonia or soda water once a day and always hung in the open air.

Suggestions.

No. 1—To take out iron stains, soak the spot in oxalic acid for 1 or 2 minutes, then hold over the teakettle nose, so the steam can pass through the goods.

No. 2—Mustard plasters made with the white of an egg will not blister.

No. 3—A pinch of salt added to the whites of eggs or cream will make them whip much quicker.

No. 4—Place salt in oven under baking tins to prevent scorching.

No. 5—Sprinkle salt over fresh coal before going out. It will keep the fire much longer.

No. 6—Clean window shades by rubbing over with hot corn meal, then rub gently with soft dry cloth.

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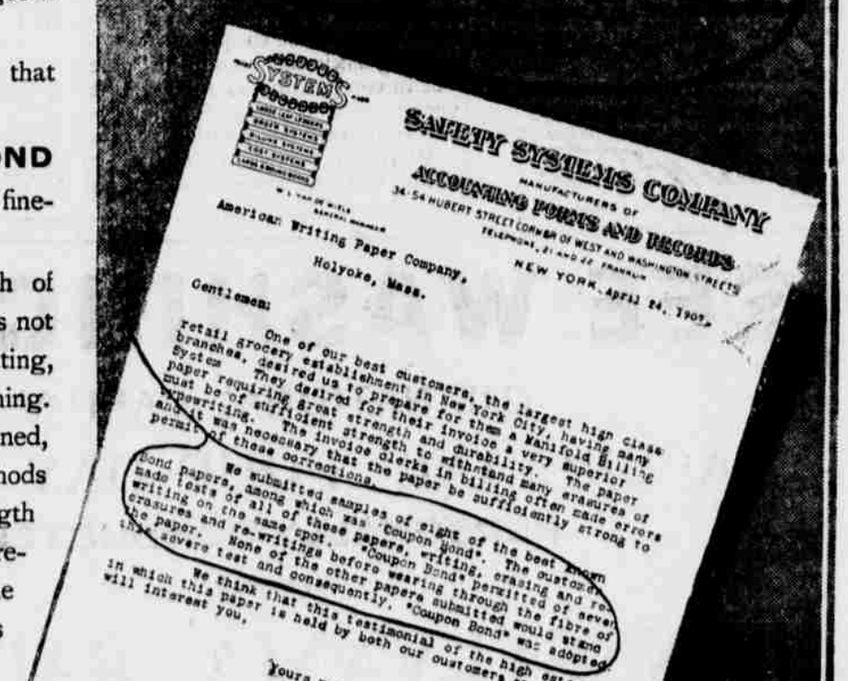
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SAFETY SYSTEMS COMPANY
MANUFACTURERS OF
ACCOUNTING FORMS AND RECORDS
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TELEPHONE, 21 AND 22 FRANKLIN
NEW YORK, April 24, 1902.
American Writing Paper Company,
Holyoke, Mass.
Gentlemen:
One of our best customers, the largest high class retail grocery establishment in New York City, having many branches, desired us to prepare for them a Manifold Billing System. They desired for their invoice a very superior paper requiring great strength and durability. The paper must be of sufficient strength to withstand many erasures of typewriting. The invoice clerks in billing often made errors and it was necessary that the paper be sufficiently strong to permit of these corrections.
We submitted samples of eight of the best known bond papers, among which was "Coupon Bond". The customer made tests of all of these papers, writing, erasing and re-writing on the same spot. "Coupon Bond" permitted of seven erasures and re-writings before wearing through the fibre of the paper. None of the other papers submitted would stand this severe test and consequently, "Coupon Bond" was adopted.
We think that this testimonial of the high esteem in which this paper is held by both our customers and ourselves, will interest you.
Yours very truly,
SAFETY SYSTEMS CO.
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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1908.

HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY.

[Continued from 1st Page.]

corn is grown, while the educational value to the children of the high school as well as the teachers of the common schools in the district would be most fruitful. No one thing is better calculated to demonstrate to the patrons the genuine value of their high school to them and their children.

If corn can be improved by breeding, similar experiments could easily be made with wheat and oats which would do much toward improving these crops. Whether or not it pays to fatten hogs on corn could be actually proved by weighing some hogs, measuring the corn fed to them and working out the problem. The mathematics involved would be of the genuine sort. It would be a valuable experience if on butchering day the principal and his pupils would spend the time studying all that takes place. It would be a profitable thing to find out the best way to cure pork and visit a neighbor when he prepares his meats. If there is a dairy in the community, it could be made the basis of much good school work. How to make good butter on a farm would be a profitable question for study. The value and construction of a silo could be studied. Recently we were given a problem something like this: A man has twenty cows to which he desires to feed 40 cubic feet of ensilage each day from November until May. He expects to build a cylindrical silo. He desires to take two inches of ensilage off the top each day; what would be the dimensions of the silo? This problem illustrates the kind of mathematics progressive farmers are often called upon to use. The township high school should be willing servant of those who cannot solve them, while those who attend the school should work over every problem of the community until they are fully competent to solve any problem they are likely to meet.

Then there are experiments and observations concerning the household which should be studied. The water and sewer systems, heating and ventilating a home properly, the arrangement and decoration of the rooms, home conveniences which save time and effort, the right kind of pictures and reading matter, the lawn and garden, the right kind of vegetables and how to raise and keep them, how to can fruit and vegetables successfully, how to fry a steak and cook meats, the dangers in dampness and dust, care of the sick, etc.

One of the best tests of a man's usefulness is his ability to repair common things when they need it. How to mend a leaking valve in a common pump, repair and care of farm implements, making common apparatus necessary on the farm, the way to prepare and use cement; all these things and many more may very wisely be included in the work of the township high school.

Every township high school ought to have a common workshop equipped with tools and apparatus enough to make all the devices necessary in the industrial work of the school, such as the box to test seed corn, apparatus for physics, chemistry and botany, etc. Many things needed in the home could thus be made under the direction of the teacher. In this connection there would be afforded good practice in sketching and drawing plans of work to be done.

There should be actual accounts kept by the pupils showing the exact profit or loss from each field on the farm, the dairy, the horses, the garden, the hogs, the orchard and any other line of occupation carried on in the community. Under the direction of the principal these accounts could be made the means of enabling farmers to detect the portion of their work which is unprofitable, a thing which many are at present unable to do.

Sufficient study of the possibilities of industries other than those followed in the community should be investigated by finding out what is being done in other places in the raising of poultry, apples, alfalfa, crimson clover, celery, tomatoes, onions, etc.

We have thus detailed these things at length in order that our point of view might the more easily be apprehended. What has been said concerning the industrial phase of the subject illustrates the attitude of a high school in any community toward its pursuits. It may also be inferred what would be said concerning the social, civic and literary life of the community if time would permit. We can only say here that we believe the township high school should be the leader and chief promoter of the community life in all its various aspects and this not so much for the sake of the value it can be to the community as for the fact that it can only be instrumental in aiding the pupils to become useful citizens of the community by thus incorporating the experiences of life into the school, and making them serve as the educative material for that natural development which constitutes real education.

To those holding this point of view, it will be observed that the township high school occupies a position somewhere between an elementary and a trade school. We are not contending for the strictly high class scientific agricultural and domestic science school, with several specialists as teachers and the departmental system. Such schools will undoubtedly come, but they will be comparatively few in number, and can never take the place of the township high school in the average rural district. According to the last report, there are 242 township high schools in this State taught by one teacher. These schools are fed by pupils from a few small common schools. So far as one can see now, there is every indication that the majority of such schools will be taught by one teacher. It will also be observed that the aim of such schools is to prepare those pupils for life who have no prospect of ever attending school elsewhere. In fixing the minimum of essentials, we should therefore pay little or no attention to the demands of higher institutions, but rather let them adjust themselves to the needs of the comparatively few pupils who come to them from such schools. It may be impossible at this time to secure the kind of teachers necessary to do this quality of work, but this should be no objection when planning for the future. We should set our goal, outline our course, and then provide an opportunity for the preparation of teachers. Any good teacher who has had a scientific training and who has a desire for useful service and a sympathy with the country people, can soon develop into a fine teacher and leader in this great rural school problem. Personally we are looking forward to a time in the near future when teachers will make this line of work a specialty. Rather than teach in the country merely to get experience enough to enter the town, men will live in the community, do a certain amount of real farming, teach the township high school, and work out this rural problem at first hand; then and not until then can we hope for a real solution of this problem. What a wonderful opportunity is here presented for the progressive young teacher with these qualifications!

The present course of study is probably as good as could be had under the circumstances, and in the past has enabled us to do some excellent work, but in view of the great awakening and rapid advancement in all things pertaining to rural improvements, we venture to make a few suggestions in the hope of being helpful.

We believe that the course should be more definite. If every teacher and all the directors were ideal, this might not be necessary, but in view of present conditions, it would help materially if the course were prepared somewhat in detail according to subjects, with a minimum number of study hours devoted to each specified. We believe, if a competent committee would investigate our State and national bulletins and direct which are best suited to specific purposes, much good would result. These bulletins represent the very best thought of our greatest investigators, and several of those recently issued seem to have been prepared with such use in mind. Our State course should indicate the character and purpose of each and designate which should be used. The course should be more flexible in order that it may be readily adaptable to an agricultural community, an oil region, a manufacturing center or any other locality. A minimum number of study hours for mathematics, history, English and science should be fixed and the school authorities of the various localities could determine the subjects best suited to their needs.

It seems to us that it might be well to eliminate solid and possibly plane geometry, substituting a more thorough study of the mensuration of surfaces and solids and devoting additional time to science. We believe that Latin has no place in these schools and the time usually devoted to this subject should be spent in the study of English. The course should be so planned as to give a maximum amount of practice in composition as related to its vocational aspects, aside from the purely literary composition.

We also believe that since so many of these schools are taught by one teacher and such a large number of the pupils can never go elsewhere to school, the course should be planned with special reference to such schools and a plan of alternation by years worked out so that these pupils can have the benefit of a three years' course. This the writer has done and, after a trial of five years, it is found to work with a fair degree of satisfaction, in seventeen one-teacher high schools with nearly three hundred pupils. Three years' work, with the possible slight disadvantage of alternation, we find is better than a two years' course without it.

We look upon the township high school movement as the beginning of a wonderful awakening among our country people. Already its beneficent influence is being felt by the common school teachers, and it is an inspiration to the common school pupils. The country people are in sympathy with it wherever it has been established because it enables them to educate their children at home. Many of the graduates are already finding their way to our State college and will return to lead and bless their home communities. There are great things in store for the country people, and we as Superintendents can do a grand work by putting forth our utmost efforts to hasten the day when the Township High School shall become the real educational workshop of the community."

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If you lack strength, are nervous, have no appetite, don't sleep well, get tired easily, your blood is in bad condition. You cannot be strong without pure, rich blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes good, rich blood and keeps it good.

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Robins Killed for Food in the South.

From Leslie's Weekly.)

A million robins were killed in Louisiana during the winter of 1907-8, the offenders being men and boys who shot them for food. While they are protected as songbirds in Northern States, it is a common Southern practice to shoot them for the table, and in some States the hunters kill them in great numbers at their roosting-places. A government expert suggests that the eastward movement of the boll-weevil has been facilitated by the killing of the robins. If that is shown to be so, the cotton-growers will not receive much sympathy from the members of the Audubon societies.

Dry Sunday in Virginia.

For the first time in the history of Virginia, no liquor could be obtained at the various social clubs of Richmond last Sunday. The Byrd bill, closing all bars on Sunday, went into effect, and even at the oldest and most influential clubs no intoxicating drinks were served.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Kate J. Pope, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, deceased:

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the funds, in the hands of W. C. Johnston, Executor of said deceased, as shown by his first and final account, filed in said Orphan's Court, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will sit at his office in the Moyer Building, on Main Street, in the Town of Bloomsburg aforesaid, on Friday, the 27th day of March, 1908, at 9 A. M. of said day, to perform the duties of his appointment, and when and where all persons interested in said estate may appear and present their claims or be forever after debarred from coming in upon the said fund.

2-27-ta. CLINTON HERRING, Auditor.

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Dr. David Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY is not a disguised enemy of the human race; where it cannot help, it does not harm. It is composed of vegetable ingredients and does not heat or inflame the blood but cools and purifies it. In all cases of Kidney troubles, Liver complaints, Constipation of the Bowels, and the delicate derangements which afflict women, the action of Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY is beyond praise. Thousands of grateful people voluntarily testify to this, in letters to Dr. Kennedy; and with a warmth and fullness of words which mere business certificates never possess. It makes no drunkards—excuses no crimes—breaks no hearts. We challenge a trial and are confident of the result. ONE DOLLAR a Bottle. All druggists. Bear in mind the name and address: Dr. *David* KENNEDY, Rondout, New York. Write for free sample bottle and medical booklet full of valuable medical advice. Mention this paper.

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J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.

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